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BEFORE THE BOARD OF OIL, GAS AND MINING
DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES
IN AND FOR THE STATE OF UTAH

IN THE MATTER OF THE APPLICATION OF EL PASO
E&P COMPANY, L.P. FOR APPROVAL OF LAWSON 1-21A1
WELL LOCATED IN THE NE QUARTER OF THE SW QUARTER
OF SECTION 21, T1S, R1W, USM, DUCHESNE COUNTY,
UTAH, AS A CLASS II INJECTION WELL.

DOCKET NO. 2011-001 CAUSE NO. UIC-359.

REPORTER'S TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS

TAKEN AT: DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES
1594 West North Temple, Suite 1210
Salt Lake City, Utah 84116

DATE: January 26, 2011

TIME: 3:17 p.m. to 6:20 p.m.

REPORTED BY: Jeff S. Eaton, RPR/CSR

ATKINSON-BAKER, INC. COURT REPORTERS
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A P P E A R A N C E S

BOARD OF OIL, GAS AND MINING:

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Dana Dean, Associate Director, Mining
John Rogers, Associate Director, Oil and Gas
Steve Schneider, Administrative Policy Coordinator
Jim Springer, Public Information Officer
Julie Ann Carter, Secretary to the Board

ASSISTANT ATTORNEYS GENERAL:

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Michael S. Johnson - Board Attorney

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Catherine L. Hammock, Senior Staff Landman
Marie OKeefe, Senior Regulatory Analyst
Jim Borer, Senior Staff Geologist
Jordan R. Nelson, Senior Production Engineer

FOR THE RESPONDENT: Valerie M. Cassler Hudson, Ph.D.

FOR THE DIVISION:

Mark L. Reinbold, Geologist
Brad Hill, Geologist, Permitting Manager
Dustin K. Doucet, Petroleum Engineer

ALSO PRESENT: Jared Jensen, Home Owner

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P R O C E E D I N G S

JANUARY 26, 2011

3:17 p.m.

CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: So that brings us to item No. 4 on the agenda, which is in the matter of the application of El Paso E&P Company, LP, for approval of Lawson 1/21A1 Well located in the northeast quarter of the southwest quarter of section 21, township 1 south, range 1 west, Uintah Special Meridian, Duchesne County, Utah, as a Class II injection well.

Mr. MacDonald, you're representing El Paso?

MR. MacDONALD: I am, Mr. Chairman.

CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Mr. Alder, you're representing the Division?

MR. ALDER: Yes, sir.

CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: And I understand, Ms. Cassler, you're the Respondent in this matter?

MS. HUDSON CASSLER: Yes, Mr. Chairman.

CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Will you just introduce yourself real quickly just for the record.

MS. HUDSON CASSLER: Yes.

CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Your name and your address.

MS. HUDSON CASSLER: Yes, my name is Valerie Hudson Cassler. My husband and I own the property at 801 West 5080 North in Roosevelt, Utah, which is less than a thousand feet from the proposed Lawson injection

1 well.

2 CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Okay. Thank you.

3 Okay. Mr. MacDonald, I believe you're going
4 first.

5 MR. MacDONALD: Yes, Mr. Chairman.

6 Just so you understand the procedure, the
7 Division did file this notice for agency action because
8 under the rules they initially act under informal
9 adjudication procedures when an application is filed.
10 They do their assessment and then publish and send out
11 notice and if any objections are received under the
12 rules, then the Division is required to docket it and
13 notice it up to the board for hearing under the Division
14 rules.

15 So that is why the Division filed the notice
16 of agency action but as the applicant, we have the
17 burden of proof in the proponent of the application.

18 CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Okay. Thank you.

19 And before we proceed, let's just note on the
20 record Board Member Jake Harouny had to leave due to a
21 previous appointment. So we have six members left who
22 will be listening to this matter. So thank you.

23 Go ahead, Mr. MacDonald.

24 MR. MacDONALD: Thank you, Mr. Chairman.

25 Fred MacDonald, Beatty & Wozniak, on behalf of

1 the applicant, El Paso E&P Company, LP. With me today
2 are Mrs. Marie OKeefe, the senior regulatory analyst for
3 El Paso; Mr. Jim Borer, who's the senior staff
4 geologist; and Mr. Jordan Nelson, who's the senior
5 production engineers. I ask that they be sworn in as
6 witnesses at this time.

7 CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Can you do that, please?

8 MARIE OKEEFE, JIM BORER, JORDAN NELSON,
9 called as a witnesses on behalf of the El Paso, being
10 duly sworn, were examined and testified as follows.

11 MR. MacDONALD: Mr. Chairman, the resumes of
12 all three witnesses were collectively submitted as
13 Exhibit A in this cause. Based on that exhibit in the
14 interest of brevity and in accordance with the previous
15 practices of the board, I presume the stipulation of the
16 Division and Mrs. Cassler, I request that Messrs. Borer
17 and Nelson be recognized as experts in geology and
18 petroleum engineering, respectively, for purposes this
19 cause.

20 I would note for the board that Mr. Borer was
21 previously recognized as an expert in geology in Cause
22 No. 139-84 in 2008, which involved the Greater
23 Altamont/Bluebell well authorization.

24 THE REPORTER: Can you slow down a little?

25 MR. MacDONALD: Yes.

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THE REPORTER: Thank you.

CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Mr. Alder, any objections?

MR. ALDER: Well, I would --

CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Or questions?

MR. ALDER: Yes. I don't have objection to Mr. Borer and the other witness.

Couldn't you just provide a little more information? I have not looked at the resumes and it is not the practice of the Division to recognize expertise based solely on resumes and I apologize for not getting you that information.

MR. MacDONALD: If there's no objection to Mr. Borer, then what I will do is I will lay the foundation for Mr. Nelson's expertise at this time for his examination, Mr. Chairman.

MR. ALDER: That'd be great. Thank you.

No objection to Mr. Borer.

CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: At the time of his examination --

MR. MacDONALD: When I examine him --

CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Okay. All right.

MR. MacDONALD: -- I'll lay the foundation through his resume.

CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Okay. Ms. Cassler, do you have any objections to Mr. Borer being recognized as an

1 expert in geology at this time?

2 MS. HUDSON CASSLER: I do not.

3 CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Thank you. The board have
4 any objections or questions?

5 Then we'll recognize Mr. Borer as an expert
6 and we'll get to Mr. Nelson when he testifies.

7 MR. MacDONALD: Thank you, Mr. Chairman.

8 Also, I'd like to confirm that it's acceptable
9 to move for the admission of all of our exhibits at the
10 end of my presentation.

11 CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: That will be fine.

12 MR. ALDER: No objection.

13 MR. MacDONALD: Thank you, Mr. Chairman.

14 Mr. Chairman, members of the board, El Paso is
15 before you today seeking approval of its application to
16 convert the Lawson 1-21A1 Well located approximately 5.3
17 miles north of the City of Roosevelt in Duchesne County
18 to a Class II injection well for water disposal.

19 Injection is proposed for the middle Green
20 River formation, which is over 7,000 feet deeper than
21 any potential underground source of drinking water or
22 USDW. It is geologically confined and most importantly
23 is a previously approved zone by this board of injection
24 for water disposal in this region.

25 Based on a step rate test, the maximum surface

1 injection rate without any fracking or damage to the
2 subsurface was found at 1811 psi surface. In accounting
3 for safety factors, El Paso is in agreement with the
4 Division that is requesting 1700 psi injection rate at
5 surface. At that rate we believe the evidence will show
6 that it will not compromise well integrity, or allow
7 migration to potential underground sources of drinking
8 water.

9 The USDW is defined in regulations at 649-1-1
10 as a freshwater aquifer or a portion thereof and
11 supplies drinking water for human consumption or that it
12 contains less than 10,000 TDSes or total dissolved
13 solids.

14 The UIC permit was originally filed on
15 December 8th, 2009, by El Paso as agent for Homeland Gas
16 and Oil, who was then the operator of the Lawson Well on
17 behalf of Mountain Oil and Gas, Inc., an associated
18 entity, who is the owner of the Lawson Well bore. The
19 permit was amended on January 22nd, 2010, to change the
20 injection depths to approximately 2300 feet deeper than
21 originally asked for. In April of 2010 El Paso
22 purchased the well bore and became the designated
23 operator of the Lawson Well. Thus, it is the current
24 applicant for this UIC permit.

25 In accordance with the UIC regulations, the

1 Division proceeded under informal adjudication
2 procedures and sent out a published notice of its
3 intention to consider administrative approval of the
4 permit in December of 2009. Letters of protest and/or
5 inquiry were received and submitted to the Division in
6 response to its publication. They are collectively
7 attached as Exhibit 2 to the Division's notice agency
8 action filed in this cause.

9 As a consequence of those filings and pursuant
10 to Utah Administrative Code Rule R649-5, subsection 3,
11 subsection 4, the application no longer qualified for
12 approval by the Division alone and was instead required
13 to be set for hearing before this board. As a
14 consequence, the Division filed its notice for agency
15 action in this matter on December 13th, 2010, giving
16 notice of the docketing with and the hearing on this
17 application by the board.

18 The board has jurisdiction over this matter
19 pursuant to Utah Code Annotated Section 40-6, sub 5, sub
20 5(a), and Utah Administrative Code Rule R649-5, sub 3,
21 sub 4. The record will reflect that the notice of
22 agency action was provided via U.S. Mail, postage
23 prepaid, to all surface owners within a one-half mile
24 radius of the proposed well for regulation. Notice was
25 also duly published in the Salt Lake Tribune and the

1 Deseret Morning News on January 3rd, 2011, and in the
2 Uintah Basin Standard on January 4th, 2011.

3 Two responses to the notice of agency action
4 were timely filed by David and Valerie Cassler and by
5 William Ingles both of whom had previously filed
6 protests with the Division after the initial
7 December 2009 mailing and publication. The Division
8 filed its staff memorandum with the board on
9 January 18th, 2011, stating that it has completed its
10 review of the UIC application and is ready to issue the
11 Class II permit, and presuming that El Paso satisfies
12 its burden of proof through testimony and recommends
13 approval of the application.

14 As the board is well aware, the criteria for
15 UIC Class II permit approval is set forth in Utah
16 Administrative Code Rule 649-5-2. The testimony and
17 evidence presented today will reflect satisfaction of
18 all such criteria including injection zone confinement
19 and well bore integrity, which would prevent migration
20 in otherwise protected zones of potential drinking water
21 quality.

22 Exhibit 1 to the Division's notice of agency
23 action is a somewhat incomplete compilation of the
24 permit application. El Paso's exhibits in the whole
25 represent the complete application.

1 The objections raised by the Casslers and
2 Mr. Ingles concern truck traffic, resulting dust
3 control, and safety issues, seismicity due to injection,
4 injection water makeup and compatibility, and monitoring
5 to prevent contamination of water wells.

6 It is important to first note that as part of
7 the permit approval process El Paso must monitor the
8 injection well in accordance with the criteria set forth
9 in Utah Administrative Code Rule R649-5-5. In addition,
10 the testimony and evidence today should serve to
11 alleviate to the board's satisfaction or altogether
12 eliminate those concerns and objections.

13 At this time I'll commence my examination of
14 Mrs. OKeefe.

15 Mrs. OKeefe, please state your name and
16 address for the record.

17 MS. OKEEFE: Marie OKeefe, 1099 18th Street,
18 Suite 1900, Denver, Colorado 80202.

19 MR. MacDONALD: Would you please identify for
20 the board, what is your position with El Paso and how is
21 that relevant to the matter before them today?

22 MS. OKEEFE: I'm a senior regulatory analyst
23 and my duties include preparing and submitting permits,
24 UIC permits in Greater Altamont/Bluebell Field and I
25 filed the UIC permit at issue today.

1 MR. MacDONALD: All right. Would you please
2 give the board a brief background about El Paso's
3 corporate status and its bonding status?

4 MS. OKEEFE: El Paso is a Delaware limited
5 liability partnership with it's principal places of
6 business in Houston, Texas, and Denver, Colorado. It is
7 duly authorized to conduct business in Utah and is fully
8 and appropriately bonded with all federal and State of
9 Utah agencies with respect to oil and gas operations.

10 MR. MacDONALD: All right. I'll now direct
11 your attention to what has been marked as Exhibit B for
12 purposes of this cause.

13 For the board members, this is the slide that
14 appears on your computers. It is also projected behind
15 you.

16 Do you recognize that exhibit, Mrs. OKeefe?

17 MS. OKEEFE: Yes, I do.

18 MR. MacDONALD: And who prepared that?

19 MS. OKEEFE: Personnel within El Paso.

20 MR. MacDONALD: And was it reviewed by you, as
21 well?

22 MS. OKEEFE: Yes.

23 MR. MacDONALD: Okay. Please explain to the
24 board its significance.

25 MS. OKEEFE: It's just a simple locator plat

1 map and it gives the board an idea of where the proposed
2 injection well is in relation to the City of Roosevelt
3 and here's the City of Roosevelt and due north,
4 approximately 5.3 miles, is the town of Roosevelt.

5 MR. MacDONALD: All right. I'm now going to
6 direct your attention to what has been marked as Exhibit
7 C for purposes of this cause.

8 CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Mr. MacDonald, I'm sorry.
9 Mrs. OKeefe, you misspoke. 5.3 miles north of Roosevelt
10 is the well location?

11 THE WITNESS: Right.

12 CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Is that correct? Okay.
13 Thank you.

14 MR. MacDONALD: All right. Again,
15 Mrs. OKeefe, directing your attention to what's been
16 marked as Exhibit C for purposes of this cause, do you
17 recognize this document?

18 MS. OKEEFE: Yes, I do.

19 MR. MacDONALD: And was this prepared by you
20 or El Paso personnel under your supervision?

21 MS. OKEEFE: Yes. Yes, I prepared it.

22 MR. MacDONALD: Okay. Would you please
23 explain to the board what this is?

24 MS. OKEEFE: This is a UIC form 1 application
25 for the conversion of the Lawson Well to a Class II

1 injection well as amended. In the first two pages are
2 the original filings, originally asking for injection
3 between 6,387 feet and 6,699 feet and that was submitted
4 in December of '09, and the last page in the exhibit is
5 the amendment changing the injection zones to 8,642 feet
6 to 8,981 feet, and that was submitted January of 2010.

7 MR. MacDONALD: Okay. And then if you look
8 closely at it you will see that El Paso signed this as
9 an agent for a certain entity. Would you explain to the
10 board what that's about, as well?

11 MS. OKEEFE: We -- El Paso was the agent on
12 behalf of Homeland Oil and Gas, which were the -- it was
13 the operator of the Lawson Well at the time.

14 MR. MacDONALD: All right. Now I'm going to
15 show you what has been marked as Exhibit D for purposes
16 of this cause. Do you recognize these documents?

17 MS. OKEEFE: Yes, I do.

18 MR. MacDONALD: And would you please tell the
19 board what they represent, as well?

20 MS. OKEEFE: It's the official business record
21 of El Paso and the first portion is the assignment of
22 the Lawson Well bore from Mountain Oil and Gas, Inc.,
23 then owner of the well and for whom Homeland operated to
24 El Paso.

25 And the second portion is the related Division

1 form 9 sundry reflecting the change in operatorship of
2 the Lawson Well from Homeland to El Paso and as a
3 consequence El Paso is now the applicant on this -- on
4 its own -- on its own behalf and not as agent.

5 MR. MacDONALD: Uh-huh. I'm going to now
6 direct your attention to what has been marked as Exhibit
7 E for purposes of this cause. Again, this is a two-page
8 exhibit and it's shown on the board's computers and,
9 again, is shown behind it.

10 Did you prepare this document or is it an
11 official business record of El Paso?

12 MS. OKEEFE: It's an official business record
13 of El Paso but it was prepared by personnel within El
14 Paso.

15 MR. MacDONALD: Okay. And would you please
16 explain to the board what -- this is a two-page exhibit,
17 what the first page represents?

18 MS. OKEEFE: The first page is the original
19 plat reflecting surface ownership and producing wells
20 within a half-mile radius of the Lawson Well. It was
21 filed as part of the original UIC application.

22 And the second --

23 MR. MacDONALD: And the second page?

24 MS. OKEEFE: And the second page is an update
25 of that plat through -- to December 11th, 2010.

1 MR. MacDONALD: Okay. How are these plats
2 compiled?

3 MS. OKEEFE: It's based on research and search
4 of Land Professionals, Inc., they're contract landmen
5 for El Paso of Duchesne County, circuit's tax rolls and
6 the IHS database, which is -- the database is a public
7 database with subscriptions for oil and gas wells.

8 MR. MacDONALD: All right. And do these plats
9 reflect any inactive or plugged and abandoned oil and
10 gas wells within the half-mile radius of the Lawson
11 Well?

12 MS. OKEEFE: No, there are no active wells,
13 plugged and abandoned, active or inactive within a
14 half-mile radius.

15 MR. MacDONALD: Okay. Would you please point
16 out to the board where the objectioners or the two
17 Respondents, the Ingles and the Casslers, own properties
18 within there?

19 MS. OKEEFE: Here they are.

20 MR. MacDONALD: And that would be the Jesse
21 Lawson subdivision; is that correct?

22 MS. OKEEFE: Correct.

23 MR. MacDONALD: All right.

24 MS. OKEEFE: And here's the injection well
25 here.

1 MR. GILL: Question. At some point, I don't
2 know if you're going to do it now or later, but would
3 you -- at some point would you indicate if there are any
4 residences in that area of where the objections were?

5 MR. MacDONALD: I don't know if we know that,
6 Mr. Gill. Again, we're going off the tax --

7 MR. GILL: If you can.

8 MR. MacDONALD: I'm assuming that either --
9 Ms. Cassler would maybe know that a little better since
10 she's on the property.

11 MS. HUDSON CASSLER: Yes, we can help you with
12 that.

13 MR. GILL: Okay.

14 MR. MacDONALD: All right. At this point I
15 would like to point out that this plat, this half-mile
16 radius plat is required under the regulations under Utah
17 Administration Code Rule R649-5-2.1.

18 Now, Ms. OKeefe, now I'm going to direct your
19 attention to what's been marked as Exhibit F for
20 purposes of this cause. Are these documents, are these
21 official business records of El Paso?

22 MS. OKEEFE: Yes, they are.

23 MR. MacDONALD: Okay. And could you please
24 explain what they represent?

25 MS. OKEEFE: They're affidavits signed by El

1 Paso landman based on the same search utilized in
2 preparation of Exhibit E, with transmittal letters
3 signed by myself advising of the filing of the
4 application and the amendment.

5 MR. MacDONALD: All right. Again, point out
6 to the board, this is a certification of mailing to the
7 owners within a half-mile radius of the well, which is
8 required under Utah Administrative Code Rule 649-5-2.12.

9 I will also have the board take judicial
10 notice that these names correspond with those on the
11 original plat in Exhibit E and on the certificate of
12 service on file in this cause with respect to the notice
13 of agency action. The supplemental plat disclosed an
14 additional name also shown on the certificate of service
15 on file in this cause, as well.

16 MR. MacDONALD: Ms. OKeefe, now I'm going to
17 direct your attention to what has been marked as Exhibit
18 G for purposes of this cause. This is a three-page
19 exhibit. The first two pages are shown, will be shown
20 on your computers and then are also projected behind
21 you.

22 Would you please explain what this -- how this
23 exhibit was prepared and what it represents?

24 MS. OKEEFE: Yes. I got the data from the
25 Utah State Engineers's website. And the plat reflects

1 water wells and water rights' owners within the
2 half-mile radius of the injection well.

3 MR. MacDONALD: And these parties, again, I
4 would point the judicial notice to the board that these
5 are the parties who are also on the certificate of
6 service and that this plat, although it's not specified
7 clearly in the regulations under R649-5-2.1 as being a
8 requirement for the permit application, this was
9 submitted to the Division as part of the permit
10 application; is that correct, Ms. OKeefe, that it was
11 submitted at the request of the Division?

12 MS. OKEEFE: Yes.

13 MR. MacDONALD: All right. All right.
14 Ms. OKeefe, now I'm going to direct your attention to
15 what's been marked as Exhibit H for purposes of this
16 cause. Do you recognize this document?

17 MS. OKEEFE: Yes, I do.

18 MR. MacDONALD: Is this an official business
19 record of El Paso?

20 MS. OKEEFE: Yes, it is.

21 MR. MacDONALD: All right. Would you please
22 explain what it is?

23 MS. OKEEFE: It's a notice of original
24 application filing provided by the Division in
25 accordance with the Utah Administrative Code Rule

1 R6495-3, subsection 2, as received by El Paso.

2 MR. MacDONALD: Okay. And for the board's
3 reference, we submitted this as an exhibit because it
4 was not attached to the Division's notice of agency
5 action, again, showing compliance with the UIC
6 regulations.

7 At this point, Mr. Chairman, that concludes my
8 examination of Mrs. OKeefe.

9 CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Mr. Alder, do you have
10 questions for Ms. OKeefe?

11 MR. ALDER: No, I don't. Excuse me. No, we
12 don't.

13 CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Ms. Cassler, do you have
14 any questions for Ms. OKeefe?

15 MS. HUDSON CASSLER: I just wanted to point
16 out that they are both --

17 MR. GILL: Speak into the microphone, will
18 you, please?

19 MS. HUDSON CASSLER: I guess you have to be
20 really close, don't you? I just wanted to point out
21 that there are water claims as well as active wells that
22 do not appear on the map that you just saw, including my
23 own and my neighbor's, Mr. Jensen.

24 CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: You're talking about
25 Exhibit G?

1 MS. HUDSON CASSLER: Well, one back.

2 CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Would you like to ask
3 Ms. OKeefe any questions regarding that?

4 MS. HUDSON CASSLER: Yes. Why are our water
5 claims and water wells not taken into account?

6 MS. OKEEFE: I got this information off of the
7 Utah's Division of Water Rights website.

8 MS. HUDSON CASSLER: Yes. Are you aware that
9 wells that were dug before 1995, that particular website
10 says, May not yet appear. And so it may -- would it not
11 be necessary to actually ascertain the location of
12 active wells and water claims in this area?

13 MR. MacDONALD: Well, Mr. Chairman, if I may
14 address that from a legal aspect. As I said, it's
15 not -- as I read the rule, it is not specified that
16 water well -- first of all, it doesn't say anything
17 about water rights. It talks about water wells and,
18 again, the -- the regulation does not specify that that
19 has to be part of the permit application. This was
20 submitted, as I believe Mrs. OKeefe testified, at the
21 request of the Division based on a search from the State
22 Engineer's Office.

23 MS. HUDSON CASSLER: I'd just like to say that
24 I'm sure the board would be interested in the facts on
25 the ground and not necessarily the facts on the website

1 that all the website says that wells active before 1995
2 may not appear.

3 CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Thank you, Ms. Cassler.

4 MR. JENSEN: May I ask a question?

5 CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Go ahead, Mr. Jensen.

6 MR. JENSEN: Mr. MacDonald, the reference to
7 water wells, give me that reg again.

8 MR. MacDONALD: The regulation it would -- it
9 doesn't specify, it's R649-5-2.1. And it states, "A
10 plat showing the location of the injection well all
11 abandoned or active wells within a half-mile radius of
12 the proposed well." And the definition of well
13 generally relates to oil and gas wells under the rules.

14 MR. JENSEN: Oh, okay. And so how do you --
15 how do you get that you needed to have the exhibit?

16 MR. MacDONALD: I think Mrs. OKeefe's
17 testimony was that the Division requested it and so she
18 provided it.

19 MR. JENSEN: Okay. Thank you.

20 CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Does the board have any
21 other questions for Ms. OKeefe?

22 Okay. Thank you.

23 MR. MacDONALD: Thank you, Mr. Chairman.

24 Mr. Borer?

25 Mr. Borer, would you please state your name

1 and address for the record?

2 MR. BORER: James Borer 1099 18th Street,
3 Denver, Colorado 80202.

4 MR. MacDONALD: All right. What is your
5 current position with El Paso and how does that
6 particularly relate to the matter in front of the board?

7 MR. BORER: I am a senior staff geologist and
8 have been working the Uintah Basin for 15-odd years and
9 Altamont/Bluebell Fields specifically for about
10 four-and-a-half years.

11 MR. MacDONALD: And you are the geologist that
12 is supervising this permit application; is that right?

13 MR. BORER: Yes, I am.

14 MR. MacDONALD: All right. Mr. Borer, I'm
15 going to show you what now has been marked as Exhibits I
16 through N for purposes of this cause. Do you recognize
17 all these exhibits?

18 MR. BORER: Yes. I put together all of those
19 exhibits.

20 MR. MacDONALD: So they were prepared by you?

21 MR. BORER: Yes, by me.

22 MR. MacDONALD: All right. I'd like to point
23 out to the board, these exhibits were submitted in
24 satisfaction of the of requirements of Utah
25 Administrative Code Rule R649-5-2.2, 2.9, 2.10, and

1 2.13.

2 MR. MacDONALD: Mr. Borer, I'm first going to
3 direct your attention to Exhibit I. Would you please
4 explain to the board what that represents?

5 MR. BORER: Exhibit I is a summary that was a
6 write-up on a geologic summary that was submitted with
7 our permit and explained the rest of the exhibits that
8 went with the permit.

9 MR. MacDONALD: So essentially it's the
10 written summary of what you're about to testify to?

11 MR. BORER: Yes, it is.

12 MR. MacDONALD: All right. Now, directing
13 your attention to what has been marked as Exhibit J,
14 this is reflected on the board members' computer and
15 also projected behind you.

16 Would you please explain to the board what
17 this represents?

18 MR. BORER: This is a structure map on the top
19 of the lower Green River formation. Also referred to as
20 the TGR3 marker, and it is a regional marker that can be
21 correlated throughout the basin and it is perhaps one of
22 the most robust markers. It happens to also be just
23 below the injection zone so it's a very nice structural
24 surface that we can use to understand the structure of
25 the injection horizon.

1 The pink zigzag line on there is a
2 cross-section that we will discuss later that shows
3 surrounding injec- -- other saltwater injection wells
4 and the inset in the upper right corner shows the local
5 dip direction of the injection strata. And it shows
6 that it dips about 2.4 degrees to the northwest.

7 MR. MacDONALD: All right. Is there any
8 significance to the TRG3 marker as far as oil and gas
9 production, as well?

10 MR. BORER: Well, the TRG3 marker is the top
11 of the spacing unit and it also is the top of the main
12 prospective oil and gas horizons below Green River and
13 below that the Wasatch. And it's also interesting in
14 that it is a widespread -- it's the base of a very
15 widespread shale that is, oh, one of the aquitards below
16 the space -- below the injection zone.

17 MR. MacDONALD: Okay. That would serve as a
18 barrier, then, to potential migration below the
19 injection zone; is that correct?

20 MR. BORER: Yes, it would.

21 MR. MacDONALD: Okay. And just for the
22 board's clarification and so everybody understands,
23 there's really no significance to the size of the
24 circles around the injection well in this plat; is that
25 correct?

1 MR. BORER: Yes, that's just a locator to show
2 the well.

3 MR. GILL: Question, just a clarification
4 question. I'm looking at the topographic symbols and if
5 I read them right, just below that circle on the map is
6 a topographic line that says 3,700 or 3700.

7 MR. BORER: It's a subsea datum. Okay. So
8 that is -- that is --

9 MR. GILL: Okay. I'm trying to correlate that
10 to your, A, application of injection well where it says
11 you're going to be injecting about 6,699 so --

12 MR. BORER: Right. Well, actually we're
13 injecting deeper, that was the first permit.

14 MR. JENSEN: It's amended. It's amended.

15 MR. MacDONALD: It was amended to a deeper
16 zone, Mr. Gill.

17 MR. BORER: Right, but that is a good
18 question. It's just the function of -- when you do a
19 structural cross-section, you have to take into account
20 the elevations of where the well -- the ground surface
21 elevations and so what this does is this puts the
22 measurements in subsea depth. So that's the amount of
23 depth below zero, below sea level.

24 MR. GILL: You're going to be about 8,900
25 feet.

1 THE WITNESS: It's actually -- can I get my
2 notes? I think it's 83 is the top of the zone.
3 Eighty-three --

4 MR. QUIGLEY: 8642.

5 THE WITNESS: Yeah, eighty-six. Sorry. 8642
6 to 8981, measured depth.

7 MR. GILL: And is your testimony this is the
8 trapping formation above it or the actual injection?

9 MR. BORER: No, this is an aquitard below it.

10 MR. GILL: Okay. Thank you.

11 MR. QUIGLEY: And what is the name of this
12 aquitard?

13 MR. BORER: It would be the basal shale of the
14 lower Green River.

15 MR. QUIGLEY: And its thickness?

16 MR. BORER: It's approximately a hundred feet
17 thick. And this would protect the oil and gas
18 production zones below.

19 MR. MacDONALD: All right. Now I direct your
20 attention to what has been marked as Exhibit K. Again,
21 this appears on the board's computer screens and is
22 projected behind it.

23 Would you please explain to the board the
24 significance of this exhibit?

25 MR. BORER: This is just a map of the surface

1 geology and it shows the same cross-section of the
2 surrounding saltwater disposal wells.

3 And the reason that we like to understand the
4 surface geology is a lot of the very shallow subsurface
5 geology where the water wells are are not very well
6 covered by subsurface logging. And so it's really nice
7 to understand surface geology to help you correlate
8 those most shallow zones.

9 MR. MacDONALD: And this result was submitted
10 as part of the permitting application; is that right, or
11 the amended permit application?

12 MR. BORER: Yes, it was.

13 MR. MacDONALD: Now, directing your attention
14 to what's been marked as Exhibit L for purposes of this
15 cause. Would you please explain to the board what this
16 represents?

17 MR. BORER: This is a map of the base of the
18 moderately saline groundwater, which is the base of
19 10,000 TDS water. It was put together in 1987 and by --
20 I think the survey, it's Howell, et al., 1987. It shows
21 a regional high in the base of the moderately saline
22 groundwater in the area of the injection well and it
23 shows, most importantly, that the proposed injection is
24 over 7,000 feet below the base of the moderately saline
25 groundwater.

1 MR. MacDONALD: In other words, any potential
2 USDWs?

3 MR. BORER: Yes.

4 MR. MacDONALD: Okay. Now I'm going to direct
5 your attention to Exhibits M and N. They, also, they're
6 on your computer screen, they're also -- M is projected,
7 the first page of M is on the board over here and we
8 were hoping maybe that might be a little clearer for
9 what needs to be shown here. And would you please
10 explain to the board --

11 CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Mr. Quigley.

12 MR. QUIGLEY: I'm sorry. I would like to go
13 back to this Exhibit L.

14 MR. MacDONALD: L? Okay.

15 MR. QUIGLEY: If I might, please. And I'd
16 like to ask. You said that demonstrates that the
17 injection zone is about 7,000 feet below any producing
18 water wells?

19 MR. BORER: Not -- well, it's -- it's not
20 under producing water wells. That's how far it is under
21 the base of the moderately saline groundwater, which is
22 something that the government always wants us to report
23 where the injection is versus the base of the moderately
24 saline groundwater.

25 The injection well -- the water wells,

1 themselves, I think, I don't know exactly how deep they
2 are, but they're on the order of 500 feet.

3 MR. QUIGLEY: And they're above this zone?

4 MR. BORER: And, yes, they're well above in a
5 freshwater zone. That's the base of the moderately
6 saline groundwater is 10,000 TDS but, you know,
7 that's -- that's really not fresh drinking, potable
8 water yet, it's just what might be conceived as some day
9 having agricultural use and the freshwater zones, where
10 the freshwater aquifer is much, much shallower, about
11 500, 600 feet.

12 MR. QUIGLEY: Okay.

13 MR. MacDONALD: Again, Mr. Quigley, the USDW
14 definition is at 10,000 TDS so that baseline correlates
15 with that definition.

16 MR. QUIGLEY: Yeah. Thank you.

17 MR. MacDONALD: Okay. Moving back again to
18 Exhibit M, this first page. Would you please explain
19 what to the board it is and, again, if it's easier for
20 you to use the one that's posted on the clipboard,
21 please feel free to do that.

22 MR. BORER: Can I get up and go to the --

23 MR. MacDONALD: Yeah, sure. Just speak
24 loudly, please, so everybody can hear you.

25 MR. BORER: Sure. Try and keep this quick.

1 This is probably the best view of the
2 stratigraphy to illustrate the bounding basal and upper
3 shales to bound the injection interval.

4 This first cross-section here, just as a
5 single-well cross-section through the Lawson Well and
6 the markers that are important are this green marker
7 right here is the TGR structure map that you just saw a
8 few exhibits ago. That is the beginning of the
9 petroleum system. There are a little bit of production
10 in gas above the upper Green River but the main plays in
11 the basin are from this green line down, the red line is
12 the top of the Wasatch, which is the primary producing
13 interval.

14 We are going to inject water above the TRG3.
15 There are several other wells -- wells that are already
16 injecting into this zone and it's a high porosity zone
17 with lots of storage capability right in the middle of
18 Green River.

19 This TGR3 marker marks the informal lower
20 Green River from the middle Green River.

21 A blown up on the blue here in this -- in this
22 blue square and these blue little tags here show where
23 we're going to perforate and inject into the well. Then
24 that interval is now blown up and a little bit more to
25 show the perforation zones, the quality of the

1 sandstones and the porosity, I believe it's 21 different
2 zones will be perfed and the idea is that -- I think
3 those yellow markers where we perf average about 12.4,
4 12.3 percent porosity.

5 There's a regional hundred-foot shale we've
6 already discussed that we had the structure map on,
7 that's the TGR3, the basal shale, and then there's a
8 series of shaling intervals above the top that are
9 laterally correlatable shales that are going to
10 impermeable to any flow. There are no faults or -- in
11 this area so we don't think that these shales will be
12 breached in any way. So the zone will be highly
13 contained.

14 CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Mr. Quigley.

15 MR. QUIGLEY: So you say there are no faults
16 but what about regional fracture zones?

17 MR. BORER: There are -- there's possibly some
18 small-scale fracture zones. All the fractures that I've
19 looked at in the core through the Wasatch and the Green
20 River are what we call bedbound fractures. Where --
21 when you get into shale lithologies that are ductile and
22 plastic, the fractures stop. It usually takes about a
23 15-centimeter shale to stop the fractures. Only the
24 brittle rocks, the sandstones and carbonates are
25 fractured generally.

1 MR. QUIGLEY: Okay.

2 MR. BORER: Can I go right to this other
3 cross-section?

4 MR. MacDONALD: Well, let's talk about the
5 second page of Exhibit M. Then we can -- we can go back
6 to that. Okay. The second page of Exhibit M, would you
7 just explain what this is to the board?

8 MR. BORER: This is just a slightly more
9 simplified view of the previous exhibit and the number
10 one point is this set of arrows on the right-hand side
11 that show the interval to which two other nearby
12 saltwater disposal wells are already injecting into.

13 MR. MacDONALD: All right. Now --

14 CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Mr. Borer, when you say
15 "nearby" how far away are they?

16 MR. MacDONALD: Oh, if you want, Mr. Chairman,
17 the next exhibit will show that. I'll have him point
18 that out to you.

19 CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Thank you.

20 MR. BORER: In that view we already went
21 through an exhibit that had them.

22 MR. MacDONALD: Okay. Let's go back and point
23 them out on this one then. This is referring to Exhibit
24 L. Please show the two wells that we talked about that
25 you showed on the second page of Exhibit L.

1 MR. BORER: It's this well, right here.
2 That's the 3-2A1 and then the 1-5B1 well's right down
3 here so they're about as a crow flies, a mile and a half
4 and one, two, three miles -- no, four miles. And mile
5 and a half and four miles from the injecting well.

6 MR. MacDONALD: Okay. Now, directing your
7 attention to Exhibit N, which is several pages. Again,
8 would you please advise the board what this represents?

9 MR. BORER: These are just offset
10 cross-sections an east/west cross-sections and a
11 north/south cross-section that are requested by the DOGM
12 as part of the permitting process. This particular
13 cross-section A is north/south and it's showing the
14 continuity of both the injection horizon and some of the
15 overlying shale-rich intervals that would be the
16 overlying aquitards.

17 MR. MacDONALD: Okay. Then addressing BB,
18 which you testified is the east/west cross-section?

19 MR. BORER: Yes, BB is the east/west
20 cross-section and it shows the same. It shows the
21 continuity of both the injection horizon and the over
22 and underlying shales.

23 MR. MacDONALD: All right. And then directing
24 your attention to the last page of Exhibit M, which is,
25 again, also provided on the clipboard. Do you want to

1 explain to the board the significance of this?

2 MR. BORER: Yes, I will. I think this is
3 probably the actual best illustration of really the
4 subsurface geology going up all the way to ground level
5 at the top of these wells. This is a structural section
6 so it's hung in subsea datum and it shows all of the
7 offset saltwater disposal wells and the injection
8 intervals for the said wells.

9 The big -- the well here, the Lawson 1-21A1,
10 is labeled in the middle and the injection horizon is
11 highlighted by this big red box and this was an analysis
12 that I wanted to see what the regional aquifers and the
13 regional aquitards were and I wanted to see where we had
14 been injecting in the past. It was educating myself on
15 the saltwater disposal in the region.

16 This blue line here is where you can get the
17 base of the moderately saline groundwater from the
18 Howell map and then using just log analysis you can also
19 put in certain wells -- I don't have well logs for the
20 Lawson Well, but in offset wells, I can do some analysis
21 and project it in. So the base of the moderately saline
22 groundwater is probably somewhere in this horizon.

23 We took the lowest depth because that's the
24 water you want to protect above that and I just wanted
25 to illustrate that we're over 7,000 feet below that.

1 And then you can see this is the two wells that we
2 were -- talked about before that were also being
3 injected into that horizon. There are some wells that
4 were injected up much higher in the upper Uintah and
5 some other wells that are being injected into the upper
6 Green River.

7 MR. MacDONALD: Again, for the board's
8 reference, I've got Exhibit K, this shows that
9 cross-section CC, which is represented here on that last
10 page of Exhibit N, just for your reference.

11 Mr. Borer, then, to summarize, is it there are
12 several aquitards, then, between, as reflected on these
13 geologic exhibits, between the proposed injection zone
14 and the base of the potential USDWs; is that correct?

15 MR. BORER: Absolutely. The Green River
16 formation is actually known as the Green River shale and
17 there is 3,000 feet of shale above us that are in the
18 Green River and then there's a sandstone package in the
19 lower Uintah but above that there's another, oh, I
20 think, 1800-foot package of Uintah, very fine grain
21 floodstone -- floodplain mudstones and so there's at
22 least three major intervals of shale between the aquifer
23 and the base of the moderately saline groundwater and
24 the nearby freshwater wells.

25 MR. MacDONALD: And, also, as part of the

1 study you have also stated that there is other injection
2 wells in this region that inject in the zones that are
3 above the zones that you're proposing for injection, as
4 well; is that right?

5 MR. BORER: Yes, there are.

6 MR. MacDONALD: All right. Now, is there any
7 significance to controlling water flows in a deeper
8 injection horizon rather than a shallower?

9 MR. BORER: Oh, absolutely. We, as producers
10 of oil and gas in the basin, we have a lot easier time
11 with well-control issues when we're drilling -- we take
12 in a lot of flows from these saltwater flows as we're
13 drilling through them and when the injection perms are
14 deeper, it's a lot easier to control those flows while
15 you're drilling a well.

16 MR. MacDONALD: I'd just like to point out to
17 the board these geologic exhibits are required under
18 Utah Administrative Code Rules R649-5-2.2 and 2.10.

19 All right. Mr. Borer, in your expert opinion,
20 are the proposed zones for injection geologically
21 adequate for injection at the proposed rates?

22 MR. BORER: Yes.

23 MR. MacDONALD: And in your expert opinion are
24 the proposed injection zones sufficiently geologically
25 confined to prevent pollution and damage to any USDW?

1 MR. BORER: Yes.

2 MR. MacDONALD: All right. I'd like to
3 address now a little bit more on water compatibility,
4 monitoring, and some other issues.

5 Again, can you identify for the board, what is
6 the status of saltwater injection in this region, in
7 other words, how many wells are being operated and how
8 many in particular does El Paso operate already?

9 MR. BORER: Well, I think it's important to
10 note that the area has many injection wells. I think
11 there's 12 total. Water Disposal, Inc. operates two
12 commercial wells nearby. Devon operates four, and El
13 Paso operates 11 wells in the field.

14 El Paso's an experienced injection operator
15 and we have no serious incidents with our injection to
16 date.

17 MR. MacDONALD: All right. And as far as the
18 need for this well, would you please explain to the
19 board why El Paso needs it and will it be used for any
20 commercial purposes?

21 MR. BORER: Oh, no. The -- the proposed water
22 to be injected will be from El Paso-operated wells in
23 the area only. It's not going to be a commercial
24 facility. It's going to serve El Paso's field
25 operations only.

1 MR. MacDONALD: All right. I'm going to
2 direct your attention to what's been marked as Exhibit
3 Q. Do you recognize this exhibit?

4 MR. BORER: Yes, I prepared that.

5 MR. MacDONALD: You prepared the first couple
6 of pages and the summary; is that correct?

7 MR. BORER: Yes, the summary and then the
8 other data was provided to me by service companies, PJ
9 Services and Multi-Chem.

10 MR. MacDONALD: And those are laboratories
11 that were contracted by El Paso?

12 MR. BORER: Yes.

13 MR. MacDONALD: Okay. Could you please
14 explain to the board what Exhibit Q represents and,
15 also, for the board's reference, Exhibit Q is also
16 attached to the agency notice of agency action.

17 MR. BORER: It reflects a chemical analysis of
18 produced water to be injected from the nine El Paso
19 wells and compatibility results for the formation
20 fluency encountered in the Lawson Well.

21 This is also a chemical analysis from a swab
22 test of the proposed injection zone and that's where we
23 get the chemical compatibility analysis, between the
24 produced water and the swab test water.

25 MR. MacDONALD: And what were the bottom-line

1 results from this analysis?

2 MR. BORER: Well, TDSes ranged from 6,633 to
3 9,380 with a pH range from 7.6 to 7.9 for the proposed
4 injection water and a commingled sample has a TDS of
5 8,456 milligrams per liter. The representative swab
6 sample from the formation had a TDS of 26,360 and
7 showing that it's well above the 10,000 PP -- TDS that
8 you would need for an aquifer exemption.

9 MR. MacDONALD: And, again, just for
10 clarification, that is the swab that was taken from the
11 Lawson Well in the middle Green River formation; is that
12 correct?

13 MR. BORER: Yes.

14 MR. MacDONALD: All right. Please go ahead.
15 I'm sorry.

16 MR. BORER: And compatibility tests between
17 these two samples, the first sample being a commingle --
18 physically commingled sample of all the nine wells and
19 then the formation water shows that there's not
20 significant incompatibility and from our vendors we got
21 some recommendations on chemical treatments to reduce
22 scaling and, also, we were going to consider corrosion
23 and bacteria control based on those results.

24 MR. MacDONALD: Again, this exhibit is
25 required under Utah Administrative Code Rule R649-5-2.6

1 and 2.7.

2 Okay. Let's address monitoring a little bit.
3 What, first of all, is there any regulatory requirements
4 upon El Paso presuming the permit is injected for
5 monitoring?

6 MR. BORER: Well, as a protection for all
7 parties and presuming the owners' consent and allow us
8 to, El Paso will take a baseline sample from each water
9 well within a half-mile radius of the Lawson Well before
10 the injection operators commence.

11 But we have to already monitor the integrity
12 of the well according to code.

13 MR. MacDONALD: And chemical sampling; is that
14 correct?

15 MR. BORER: Yes.

16 MR. MacDONALD: The regulatory site for the
17 board's reference is R649-5-5, subsection 3.4.

18 Mr. Ingles, in his response, expressed
19 concerns over increased seismic activity due to
20 injection. Is El Paso aware of any seismic anomalies
21 that have resulted from its other injection well
22 operations?

23 MR. BORER: No.

24 MR. MacDONALD: All right. In your expert
25 opinion is there any geologic support that seismic

1 activity might occur at the injection rate proposed for
2 this one?

3 MR. BORER: Not if we inject below the
4 pressure grade.

5 MR. MacDONALD: Mr. Chairman, that concludes
6 my examination of Mr. Borer.

7 CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Mr. Alder, do you have
8 questions for Mr. Borer?

9 MR. ALDER: Yes, thank you.

10 Mr. Borer, just more a question of
11 enlightenment for the board and the Division. What was
12 the reason for El Paso choosing a deeper injection
13 horizon in the revised application, if you know? Do you
14 know?

15 MR. BORER: I absolutely know. I was -- I was
16 the person who decided that we should do that and I --
17 it's in the write-up and if you don't mind me just
18 reading right from that as soon as I find it.

19 MR. MacDONALD: This is in Exhibit I.

20 MR. BORER: "Originally, in an attempt to
21 protect potential middle Green River oil plays, similar
22 injections over were considered for the" -- oh, hang on.
23 Sorry.

24 Okay. The Victor Brown Well on the far left
25 of the saltwater disposal section was PA'd -- P and A'd

1 in October 1990 and the Davis 1-33A1E Well, which was a
2 Flying J well and is now an El Paso well which is on the
3 far right-hand side of the section and was recently
4 permitted as a Class II injection well by -- by Flying
5 J, the -- they injected in the upper Green River.

6 And originally we thought that that would be a
7 good target because we were playing a -- a heavy oil
8 sand just above the TGR3 marker and so we were trying to
9 protect our own production from having those -- the --
10 the lower injection intervals and as we -- we found out
11 through testing that well that it wasn't economic and
12 we've since P and A'd that production test.

13 And looking at the quality of injection
14 horizons, they -- they have more storage and take --
15 take more fluids. And then, also, that upper zone, we
16 were very concerned about protecting upper Green River
17 gas production, which if you have water break through in
18 a gas well and -- and the closest production in upper
19 Green River gas is about two-and-a-half miles to the
20 west.

21 So all those things considered, the quality of
22 the rock and the precedence of the upper Green River gas
23 well over this noncommercial heavy oil play and the
24 quality of the injection made us want to move down
25 and -- and in our drilling the department also concurred

1 with that saying that it was a lot easier to control
2 saltwater disposal, well flows when you're drilling
3 through the zone if the perfs are actually deeper.

4 So those -- those would be the reasons.

5 MR. ALDER: Was that an issue that the
6 Division raised with you, also?

7 MR. BORER: Oh, it was -- it was discussed a
8 month -- the two. I think we kind of -- we concurred on
9 that together.

10 MR. ALDER: Okay. Thank you. No other
11 questions.

12 CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Ms. Cassler, do you have
13 any questions for Mr. Borer?

14 MS. HUDSON CASSLER: Yes, just three questions
15 that bear upon his expertise in the matter which we
16 admit is greater than our own.

17 Number one, if for any reason the formation
18 into which the water is being pushed through the
19 perforation, if for any reason that formation were to be
20 unduly constricted for whatever reason, would the
21 operating pressure of the Lawson Well rise? That's my
22 first question.

23 MR. BORER: Yes. If -- if the perfs were
24 plugged off or the formation damaged or the formation
25 became overinjected, say, yes, the pressure would rise

1 and that's why we put limits on our injection pressure.

2 MS. HUDSON CASSLER: Good. My second question
3 is when I was looking at your analysis of the
4 compatibility, with the water compatibility on your
5 samples, let me just ask, I counted 13 substances that
6 were tested for, is that correct, approximately 13 the
7 majority of which are minerals?

8 MR. BORER: Yes.

9 MS. HUDSON CASSLER: So there was no testing
10 for diesel organics or volatile organic chemicals or
11 drilling chemicals in these samples?

12 MR. BORER: No.

13 MS. HUDSON CASSLER: Okay. My last question,
14 just, you mentioned that there may be a need for
15 bacterial control. Would that indicate that a biocide
16 would be used in a well?

17 MR. BORER: There's been no decisions on that
18 and I am not an expert to testify on biocides but it's
19 just -- if you don't want the well to develop bacteria
20 and -- and start generating hydrogen sulfide, there are
21 controls that you can do and I -- I can't say that I'm
22 an expert on what those controls are. You may actually
23 want to talk to the next witness about that particular.

24 MS. HUDSON CASSLER: Okay.

25 CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Any questions from the

1 board?

2 Mr. Quigley.

3 MR. QUIGLEY: Yes. Let me see if I can find
4 that. You -- you talked about monitoring. And we
5 talked about there's no faulting or fracturing in the
6 area. My first question is when was the well originally
7 drilled?

8 MR. MacDONALD: This is this Exhibit I, as
9 well.

10 MR. BORER: The wells first produced in 1983,
11 and has a cumulative production of 21,000 barrels and 11
12 MMCFs from the Wasatch and lower Green River.

13 MR. QUIGLEY: Is there --

14 MR. BORER: It was originally shut in 1987 and
15 we tried to -- the operator tried to bring it back on to
16 production in 1988 and 2000 by adding perfs and
17 stimulating but it -- it was abandoned.

18 MR. QUIGLEY: Okay. So having this well,
19 then, is part of this analysis to make this an
20 underground injection well, has there been any testing
21 on the casing?

22 MR. BORER: Yes.

23 MR. MacDONALD: The next witness will testify
24 to that.

25 MR. QUIGLEY: Okay. Good. So then my next

1 question on monitoring then, once I got the idea that
2 the casing was good, is there -- as you're going
3 through -- and this is just because I'm not -- don't
4 know a lot about this but as you're injecting fluids
5 underground, you do a test to determine what's the
6 maximum allowable pressure? Is there ways you have
7 adjacent, and admitted they're up to four miles away,
8 you have adjacent injection wells in the same horizon,
9 is there conditions under which there can be induced
10 fracturing at those pressures and if there was, would
11 you know about that through your monitoring program in
12 the well?

13 MR. BORER: I think that probably should also
14 be answered by our next witness.

15 MR. QUIGLEY: Okay. Thank you.

16 MR. BORER: He's an engineer.

17 MS. HUDSON CASSLER: Mr. Chairman, could I
18 just raise a procedural issue?

19 CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Go ahead, Ms. Cassler.

20 MS. HUDSON CASSLER: We would really like to
21 reserve 40 minutes for our statements and I notice that
22 it's already 4:15. We would have -- I guess we'd have
23 to continue if we couldn't get to our statement? We've
24 been here since 3:15.

25 CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: We have set no end time

1 tonight.

2 MS. HUDSON CASSLER: Okay. So there's no end

3 time.

4 CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: No, there's not.

5 MS. HUDSON CASSLER: We can just continue past

6 5.

7 CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: We've done that plenty of

8 times.

9 MS. HUDSON CASSLER: Okay.

10 CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: 5 o'clock is not a barrier

11 to this board.

12 MR. MacDONALD: It's usually a starting point

13 sometimes.

14 CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Okay. Mr. MacDonald, do

15 you have any redirect for Mr. Borer?

16 MR. MacDONALD: No, I don't, Mr. Chairman.

17 CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Thank you, Mr. Borer.

18 MR. BORER: Thank you.

19 MR. MacDONALD: Mr. Nelson?

20 Mr. Nelson, would you please state your name

21 and address for the record?

22 MR. NELSON: My name is Jordan Nelson.

23 Address 1099 18th Street, Suite 1900, Denver, Colorado

24 80202.

25 MR. MacDONALD: And what is your current

1 position with El Paso and how does that relate to
2 today's matter before the board?

3 MR. NELSON: I am the senior production
4 engineer primarily assigned to the greater
5 Bluebell/Altamont area. And --

6 MR. MacDONALD: Are you involved with this
7 permit process, then, as well as --

8 MR. NELSON: Yeah. I'm --

9 MR. MacDONALD: -- being the engineer --

10 MR. NELSON: Yes, I'm an engineer
11 supervising -- supervising this application.

12 MR. MacDONALD: Okay. The Division requested
13 a little more foundation on your expertise as a
14 petroleum engineer. Would you please advise the board
15 of your education background and your degrees?

16 MR. NELSON: Yes. I have a Bachelor of
17 Science degree from the University of Utah in mechanical
18 engineering. I have worked in the oil and gas industry
19 since 2005, in 2005 as an intern doing mostly
20 environment work with spill prevention, control, and
21 countermeasures plans.

22 I was hired on by Flying J Oil and Gas out of
23 north Salt Lake, Utah, in 2006 working with the
24 Bluebell/Altamont field as a production general
25 petroleum engineer. I have experience in UIC

1 applications and UIC wells -- or, excuse me, saltwater
2 disposal wells in both Utah and Montana. I have worked
3 with El Paso since 2010 when they purchased Flying J Oil
4 and Gas's oil assets.

5 MR. MacDONALD: All right. And do you belong
6 to any professional memberships relating to petroleum
7 engineering, as well?

8 MR. NELSON: Yes. I am a member of the
9 Society of Petroleum Engineers and have been since 2005.

10 MR. MacDONALD: All right. Is there anything,
11 other information you'd like to pass on to the board
12 regarding your petroleum engineering exper- -- or
13 experiences? Coursework?

14 MR. NELSON: Yeah, I've been to several
15 seminars and courses pertaining to fractures. I also
16 work as a completions engineer so I'm heavily involved
17 in hydraulic loop fracturing wells for production.
18 Also, I was a member of the SP section here in Salt Lake
19 City, a member of the board for two years.

20 MR. MacDONALD: And, again, since your -- you
21 started your career, you've been primarily focused on
22 greater Altamont/Bluebell field, too; is that correct?

23 MR. NELSON: Yes, my entire career has been
24 there.

25 MR. MacDONALD: Mr. Chairman, at this point,

1 with that foundation, I would like to qualify Mr. Nelson
2 as an expert, petroleum engineer expert in this cause.

3 MR. ALDER: Thank you, Mr. MacDonald and Mr.
4 Nelson. The Division has no objections.

5 CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Ms. Cassler?

6 MS. HUDSON CASSLER: No objection.

7 CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Does the board have any
8 objections or question for Mr. Nelson?

9 Okay. Then we'll recognize him as an expert
10 for the purposes of the hearing.

11 MR. MacDONALD: Thank you, Mr. Chairman.

12 Mr. Nelson, I'm now going to direct your
13 attention to what has been marked as Exhibits O, P, and
14 R for purposes of this cause. Do you recognize all
15 those documents?

16 MR. NELSON: Yes, I do.

17 MR. MacDONALD: Were they prepared by you or
18 El Paso personnel with your review?

19 MR. NELSON: Yes.

20 MR. MacDONALD: All right. Let's turn your
21 attention, first, to Exhibit O. Would you please
22 explain to the board what this represents?

23 MR. NELSON: Exhibit O is a notice of intent
24 sundry that is submitted to DOGM and it is a proposed
25 plan of conversion for the Lawson saltwater disposal

1 well.

2 And the key thing to note there is the plan of
3 plugging back existing perforations and running tubing
4 on a packer to isolate the perforations for injection.

5 MR. MacDONALD: All right. And, again, for
6 the board's reference, this is required under Utah
7 Administrative Code Rule R649-5-245.

8 Was anything else filed with the Division with
9 respect to this plan after you worked on the well?

10 MR. NELSON: Yes. This fall subsequent sundry
11 was submitted to DOGM showing the data of the
12 implementation of the plan in this exhibit.

13 MR. MacDONALD: All right. So at this point,
14 then, the well is sufficiently blocked off and packed to
15 isolate the injection zone; is that correct?

16 MR. NELSON: Yes.

17 MR. MacDONALD: Okay. Now I'm going to direct
18 your attention to Exhibit P. Could you please explain
19 to the board what this represents?

20 MR. NELSON: Yes. This exhibit is the cement
21 bond log that was run in 2010 during the conversion and
22 testing phase.

23 MR. MacDONALD: And what does -- what does the
24 bond log reflect?

25 MR. NELSON: The bond log is a -- is a log we

1 run to determine what the cement bond is behind the
2 casing. In this case it's a 7-inch intermediate string
3 that we're logging. And the important thing is this
4 bond log in 2010 correlates with the original bond log
5 that was run on the well in 1983 and it shows isolation
6 above the top perforation of approximately 2,742 feet of
7 a cement sheath behind the casing.

8 MR. MacDONALD: And that reflects appropriate
9 prevention of migration up the well bore; is that
10 correct?

11 MR. NELSON: Yes, it does.

12 MR. MacDONALD: All right. Pointing out to
13 the board, again, this is required under Utah
14 Administrative Code Rule R649-5-2.3. I would also have
15 the board take judicial notice of the other logs for the
16 Lawson Well that are on file with the Division per Utah
17 Administrative Code Rule R649-5-5.4.

18 MR. ALDER: No objection.

19 MR. MacDONALD: All right. Mr. Nelson, now
20 directing -- I'm sorry.

21 MR. JENSEN: May I ask --

22 MR. MacDONALD: Certainly.

23 MR. JENSEN: I understand the request to take
24 judicial notice but what does that mean to us?

25 MR. MacDONALD: Well, the regulation requires

1 that certain logs be filed. We believe that the logs
2 that we've shown through the exhibits meet all those
3 requirements, but I also want the board to take judicial
4 notice of, for example, the original cement bond log
5 that's on file with the Division that was filed in 1983.
6 This is a more recent one.

7 MR. JENSEN: So if we could make our finding
8 based on our exhibits without the reference.

9 MR. MacDONALD: That would be my -- that's
10 what I'm suggesting but I want the board to be aware
11 that you have the right to take judicial notice of all
12 those logs and I'm sure you don't want to be burdened
13 with all those things that are a mile and a half long.

14 MR. JENSEN: Thank you.

15 CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Mr. Quigley.

16 MR. QUIGLEY: This cement bond log, you have
17 to excuse me, this is the first one I've looked at. So
18 what I'm asking you is would you tell me what this says
19 just briefly?

20 MR. NELSON: Yeah. So the first track on our
21 left is the gamma-ray log and we use that for
22 correlation. The track you're -- you want to pay
23 attention to is the middle one, where it's an amplitude.
24 So the cement bond log is an acoustic tool that can
25 determine the bond based on the -- the data that it's

1 processing.

2 And the far left is a hundred percent bond and
3 the far right would basically be -- be no cement. And
4 so as you track that line going down you can see that
5 the majority of that line is on the left side showing
6 adequate bond, greater than 90 percent most the time,
7 which is -- which is enough to show hydraulic isolation.

8 MR. QUIGLEY: Okay.

9 MR. MacDONALD: Now, I'd like to direct your
10 attention to Exhibit R. Do you recognize that document?

11 MR. NELSON: Yes, I do.

12 MR. MacDONALD: Okay. And did you prepare the
13 first two-page summary of that or did you prepare the
14 whole document?

15 MR. NELSON: I provided the data for the
16 document, yes.

17 MR. MacDONALD: Okay. And would you please
18 explain to the board what it represents?

19 MR. NELSON: It's a summary of the step rate
20 test that was done on the well. And the step rate test
21 is a test we do to determine the maximum injection rates
22 to prevent fracturing through the -- through the rock
23 that we're injecting into.

24 MR. MacDONALD: And what were the results of
25 this test?

1 MR. NELSON: The results of the test supported
2 a maximum injection rate of 1,811 psi. We have since
3 discussed with the Division and they have promoted a
4 safety factor, it's a normal course of action for them
5 to have a safety factor, and so the maximum injection
6 rate at surface that we will be requesting will be
7 lowered to a 1,700 psi.

8 MR. MacDONALD: And that's the surface rate
9 injection; is that correct?

10 MR. NELSON: Yes.

11 MR. MacDONALD: And that's a rate, again, that
12 shows there would not be any fracturing at those rates
13 and that would not cause any potential damage to the
14 zone for upward migration; is that correct?

15 MR. NELSON: Yes.

16 MR. MacDONALD: All right. Again, for the
17 board's reference, that is required under Utah
18 Administrative Code Rule R649-2.8 and 2.9.

19 Okay. I'd like to identify one other thing.

20 MR. JENSEN: Excuse me, Fred. Where do you
21 get -- you just talked about the 1,700. That's after
22 discussion with the Division. So is that in this doc-
23 -- is that referenced in this document or is that --

24 MR. MacDONALD: Mr. -- yeah, Mr. Nelson -- no,
25 that's not referenced. Mr. Nelson's testimony and

1 what's referred to in this document it shows that there
2 were no fractures at 1811 psi.

3 MR. JENSEN: Okay.

4 MR. MacDONALD: The Division as part of its
5 practice and approval has a built-in kind of safety
6 factor and they suggested that 1700 psi just to make
7 sure would be -- it would be what they would recommend
8 and El Paso has agreed to that.

9 MR. JENSEN: And is that somewhere in the
10 documents or is that --

11 MR. MacDONALD: That is nowhere in the
12 documents.

13 MR. JENSEN: -- that proposed to be in our
14 order?

15 MR. MacDONALD: That would be in your order as
16 part of the permit approval.

17 MR. JENSEN: Thank you.

18 MR. MacDONALD: But the idea here was the step
19 test rate test -- excuse me, the step rate test showed
20 that there was no fractures at 1811 psi surface.

21 I do want to point out to the board that
22 there's another criteria under Rule 649-5-211, that the
23 application is to include a review of mechanical
24 conditions of all wells within a half-mile radius to
25 assure no condition existed for upward migration.

1 Mr. Nelson, that was not filed as part of this
2 application. Could you explain to the board why?

3 MR. NELSON: Because there were no active or P
4 and A'd wells within a half-mile radius.

5 MR. MacDONALD: So there's no need to file
6 that as far as well-bore integrity since there's no
7 wells within that half-mile radius that deep?

8 MR. NELSON: No need to file it, yes.

9 MR. MacDONALD: All right. In your expert
10 opinion, then, does the Lawson Well have sufficient
11 integrity to handle injection at a maximum surface rate
12 of 1700 psi and prevent migration?

13 MR. NELSON: Yes.

14 MR. MacDONALD: In your expert opinion will a
15 maximum surface injection rate of 1700 psi not initiate
16 fractures of the confined strata?

17 MR. NELSON: Yes.

18 MR. MacDONALD: And in your expert opinion, is
19 the Lawson Well in sufficient condition and will it be
20 operated in a manner that will prevent pollution and
21 damage to any potential USDW and confine injections to
22 the interval approved?

23 MR. NELSON: Yes.

24 MR. MacDONALD: Now, there have been several
25 objections regarding truck -- truck traffic and safety

1 and what El Paso proposes to do with respect to getting
2 the injection water to the well site. Could you please
3 address those to the board?

4 MR. NELSON: Yes. El Paso intends to install
5 a saltwater disposal pipeline to this injection well, it
6 will be connected to the existing saltwater disposal
7 system of El Paso and we anticipate this construction
8 will be finished by year end 2011.

9 And this is the most cost-effective way for El
10 Paso to transport saltwater dis- -- or saltwater to this
11 well site. And this should definitely lower the amount
12 of saltwater hauling trucks that will be physically
13 driving to the site.

14 MR. MacDONALD: All right. Will you please
15 identify for the board, then, what is the anticipated
16 truckloads until that pipeline is in place and then is
17 there any additional trucking that may be needed even
18 once the pipeline is in place?

19 MR. NELSON: Okay. Estimating a generous
20 injection rate, there would be estimated 15 water
21 truckloads that would be driving to the site each day.
22 Even after the pipeline is installed there will be some
23 trucks visiting the site on an as-needed basis plus
24 additional smaller vehicles for service and then
25 monitoring.

1 MR. MacDONALD: But that should be
2 significantly reduced from the amount that you would
3 need till the pipeline is in place; is that correct?

4 MR. NELSON: Yes.

5 MR. MacDONALD: All right. And what will be,
6 like, the operation hours and what other safety measures
7 do you have -- will El Paso implement as far as this
8 trucking goes?

9 MR. NELSON: Our water trucks normally run
10 from 7 a.m. to 5 p.m. except during extreme conditions
11 or when nearby new wells are being flowed back, which
12 require a higher number of -- of truckloads for a
13 temporary period.

14 Most of the access is on public county roads.
15 We have discussed as far as a safety concern, installing
16 a gate, where the private roads meets the county road
17 and that is something that El Paso is willing to do
18 depending on the surface owners' suggestions.

19 MR. MacDONALD: What about dust suppression
20 along the nonpaved portions?

21 MR. NELSON: The entire private road from the
22 county road to the saltwater disposal facility, the road
23 will be graveled, which will remove the -- the dust
24 being thrown out into the air.

25 MR. MacDONALD: Okay. What -- as far as the

1 site goes, what kind of facilities will be on there and
2 what kind of prevention for noise or omissions will be a
3 part of those facilities?

4 MR. NELSON: On site there will be a tank
5 storage battery where trucks can unload their saltwater
6 disposal -- or their saltwater. Those tanks will be fed
7 into an injection pump, which will be enclosed in a
8 housing unit and a flow line to the wellhead.

9 MR. MacDONALD: And will the noise with the
10 housing, the injection pump, how will that are relate
11 to, say, normal oil and gas operations?

12 MR. NELSON: It should be less than even a
13 normal oil and gas producer.

14 MR. MacDONALD: All right. And as far as the
15 pipeline, itself, is it -- is it going to be buried?
16 What other -- what other measures do you have in place
17 for that?

18 MR. NELSON: The pipeline will be built to API
19 standards, it's a buried pipeline. It will be made
20 pickable so that future mechanical integrity testing can
21 be done on the line and it will be maintained to reduce
22 or remove problems with spills or other environmental
23 concerns.

24 MR. MacDONALD: All right. And as far as El
25 Paso goes or El Paso's been advised, is there any

1 culinary water system that's supposed to be installed in
2 this area soon?

3 MR. NELSON: Yes. Our construction supervisor
4 who is -- who works out of our Altamont field office has
5 advised us that a public culinary system may be
6 available in the future and will unlikely -- in unlikely
7 worst-case scenario, may mitigate the damages caused by
8 any damage to water wells.

9 MR. MacDONALD: If that was the worst-case
10 scenario; is that correct?

11 MR. NELSON: Yes.

12 MR. MacDONALD: All right. Mr. Chairman, that
13 conclude my examination of Mr. Nelson.

14 CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Mr. Alder, any questions
15 for Mr. Nelson?

16 MR. ALDER: The Division has no questions of
17 Mr. Nelson?

18 CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Ms. Cassler.

19 MS. HUDSON CASSLER: Yes, sir. We have five
20 questions for the expert.

21 Number one, we could not find the 1938 cement
22 bond log in our papers. Is there some reason that it
23 was not sent out to the homeowners?

24 MR. NELSON: It is on file with -- with DOGM
25 and a public file is accessible to everybody. You can

1 load it on the website or here in the office.

2 MS. HUDSON CASSLER: Okay. On form 9, which
3 is the revision to the filing that you have made, among
4 other things, you mentioned that you're going to be
5 doing a squeeze job. Would you please tell us why you
6 felt that a squeeze job was necessary?

7 MR. NELSON: Yes. And that goes to the
8 question that was asked about the casing integrity.

9 As was said, this well was drilled and encased
10 in 1983. At that time when they cemented the
11 intermediate casing, they cemented a few thousand feet
12 above the production interval, which Mr. Borer discussed
13 was the TGR3 marker. So in this case the well was
14 cemented to 5,900 feet based on the original bond log in
15 1983.

16 Due to the age of the casing, every time we
17 enter well bores, especially in this case, we are
18 required to prove the mechanical integrity of that
19 casing. So we plugged back the original perforations
20 and performed a pressure test and based on those
21 pressure tests we do cement squeezes to -- to mitigate
22 any holes that are in the casing to prevent fluids from
23 migrating up the hole.

24 MS. HUDSON CASSLER: Just one clarification.
25 So the results of the pressure test led you to do the

1 squeeze job.

2 MR. NELSON: Yes, we did a pressure test of
3 1,000 psi, which showed there was a casing leak. We
4 isolated that casing leak, cement squeezed it, and have
5 since pressure tested the casing successfully to 1,000
6 psi.

7 And of note during that pressure squeeze we
8 monitored the surface pressure behind that casing and it
9 showed zero pressure change showing that even the
10 cement-squeeze pressure was not migrating up -- up the
11 backside of that casing.

12 MS. HUDSON CASSLER: So, I'm sorry. Did you
13 say it was tested to 1,000 psi?

14 MR. NELSON: The casing is, yes. And that is
15 a regulatory recommended requirement.

16 MS. HUDSON CASSLER: And you're pumping at
17 1700 psi? I'm sorry, I just wanted to clarify.

18 MR. NELSON: Yes. And that is because we run
19 a set -- a tubing string of two-and-seven-eighths-inch
20 tubing that is pressure tested to 10,000 psi when it's
21 run in the hole. And it is set on a packer and that
22 packer is also tested to -- to that rating and so you're
23 only -- your only casing that is seeing that pressure is
24 the injection interval.

25 MS. HUDSON CASSLER: Okay. I have a few more

1 questions.

2 Now, you mentioned that the pump for the
3 pipeline will be located there at the well; is that
4 correct?

5 MR. NELSON: Yes.

6 MS. HUDSON CASSLER: And the housing
7 structure, will that be configured to -- are you looking
8 to maximize soundproofness or have you examined the
9 issue of soundproofness with regard to that housing?

10 MR. NELSON: The -- the pumps that run are
11 actually quite quiet. They do produce a little bit of
12 sound but in the housing you wouldn't -- you wouldn't
13 even notice it a few hundred feet away.

14 MS. HUDSON CASSLER: If you were outside, what
15 would the decibels be for that?

16 MR. NELSON: I do not have that information.

17 MS. HUDSON CASSLER: Okay. So -- all right.
18 So that might be a pertinent piece of information,
19 wouldn't it?

20 What is the route of the pipeline? We saw
21 nothing in the documentation about the route of the
22 pipeline to the well.

23 MR. NELSON: Yes. We have a right-of-way and
24 I cannot testify to that, that's a land issue. I don't
25 know if we can --

1 MS. HUDSON CASSLER: It would be nice to
2 know -- I'm sure the homeowners would appreciate knowing
3 what the proposed route of the pipeline would be.

4 MR. MacDONALD: Well, and, again, the El Paso
5 people contact you but the pipeline route is really
6 irrelevant for purposes of this hearing. But -- but I'm
7 sure that they'd be willing to talk to you about that.

8 MS. HUDSON CASSLER: I'm sure that the board
9 is interested in numerous aspects of this well.

10 Now, the tanks were not mentioned in your
11 application, the storage tanks that will be at the well.
12 Is there some reason for this oversight?

13 MR. NELSON: The surface facility design is
14 not really covered by the UIC conversion sundries that
15 were submitted.

16 MS. HUDSON CASSLER: So it was only in this
17 hearing that that we even knew that there would be
18 storage tanks, is that how it worked?

19 MR. MacDONALD: It's not part of the
20 regulatory requirements to address that.

21 MS. HUDSON CASSLER: Uh-huh. But it is
22 interesting.

23 Thank you.

24 CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Does the board have any
25 questions for Mr. Nelson?

1 MR. QUIGLEY: Yeah.

2 CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Mr. Quigley.

3 MR. QUIGLEY: And so I have a couple of
4 questions here. So you testified that you did a
5 mechanical testing on the casing but you're putting an
6 inner tubing in down to the packer and the fluid will
7 all travel through that inner tube and then go out into
8 the casing where it's perforated?

9 MR. NELSON: Yes. And so the -- the annulus
10 between the tubing and the casing should have zero --
11 will have hydrostatic pressure, it'll be filled with a
12 corrosion inhibitor fluid and that annulus will be
13 monitored so that if any pressure is seen, we will know
14 that there is issues.

15 MR. QUIGLEY: Very good. And then my next
16 question goes to monitoring again. And my question is
17 with multiple injectors in the area, and I realize that
18 they're up to four miles away, something like that, is
19 there a monitoring procedure that would identify any
20 fracturing starting to occur if, in fact, the step rate
21 test wasn't correct or if the well starts building
22 pressure, you would know that, correct?

23 MR. NELSON: Yes. So -- so we have pressure
24 monitoring and rate monitoring on a daily basis and you
25 would -- you would see.

1 MR. QUIGLEY: So you'd see a drop in pressure
2 if fractures started to develop?

3 MR. NELSON: You possibly could, yes.

4 MR. QUIGLEY: And so, in fact, the issue of
5 developing fractures in the formation that could lead to
6 migration of the fluid outside of the intended zone, is
7 it or isn't it monitored?

8 MR. NELSON: There -- there -- the monitoring
9 is on the -- the pressures that we're able to inject
10 based on physical testing that shows what the closure
11 stress is of the rock. And so if we inject below that
12 closure stress or what the minimum pressure is to hold
13 the fracture open, if we inject below that, we do not
14 foresee a possible scenario where fractures will
15 initiate if we're injecting below that pressure.

16 MR. QUIGLEY: Okay. And that's the standard
17 industry practice?

18 MR. NELSON: Yes. And that's backed by UPA
19 regulation and State regulation.

20 MR. QUIGLEY: Proven technology. That's
21 proven technology.

22 THE WITNESS: It is to the best of the
23 technology that we have.

24 MR. QUIGLEY: Okay. Thank you.

25 CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Further questions?

1 Mr. MacDonald, any redirect for Mr. Nelson?

2 MR. MacDONALD: No, Mr. Chairman.

3 But I would, again, like to point out that
4 also with respect to the well-bore integrity there are
5 regulatory requirements for continuing monitoring, which
6 are, again, found at 649-5-5. So once the injection
7 starts, they have regulatory requirements for monitoring
8 the injection rates and such.

9 MR. QUIGLEY: Okay.

10 MR. MacDONALD: Mr. Chairman, that concludes
11 our presentation in chief.

12 I do have a couple of cleanup matters. I need
13 to move for admission of Exhibits A through R inclusive.

14 CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Mr. Alder, any objections.

15 MR. ALDER: No objection.

16 CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Ms. Cassler.

17 MS. HUDSON CASSLER: I'm fine.

18 CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Okay.

19 MS. HUDSON CASSLER: Is it -- I'm sorry, is it
20 my turn?

21 CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: No. No. But you have no
22 objections to any of the --

23 MS. HUDSON CASSLER: No.

24 CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: -- exhibits being entered?

25 MS. HUDSON CASSLER: No objection.

1 CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Does the board have any
2 objections or questions on any of the --

3 CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Okay. So, then, Exhibits A
4 through R will be entered.

5 (El Paso Exhibits A through R were received into
6 evidence.)

7 MR. MacDONALD: Thank you, Mr. Chairman.

8 I would also like to reserve time for rebuttal
9 after the Division's and Ms. Cassler's presentation in
10 chief.

11 CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Yes.

12 MR. MacDONALD: All right. Thank you.

13 CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Mr. Alder, before we start
14 with you, I apologize, but I need to take a break
15 myself. Must be something in the water today. So can
16 we take like a five-minute break?

17 MR. ALDER: That would be great. Thank you.

18 CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Thank you.

19 (Recess taken.)

20 CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Let's go back on the
21 record.

22 Mr. Alder, let's go to you.

23 MR. ALDER: Thank you, Mr. Chairman. The
24 Division had responsibility to review this injection
25 well application, and has a little more information than

1 usual board matters which we'd like to present and we
2 have two exhibits that have been provided on your dais
3 there for you, right in front.

4 There you go.

5 We will be referring to -- the two witnesses
6 that the Division will call are Mark Reinbold and Brad
7 Hill and I'd ask that they stand and be sworn.

8 MARK REINBOLD, BRAD HILL,
9 called as a witnesses on behalf of the Division, being
10 duly sworn, were examined and testified as follows:

11 MR. REINBOLD: Yes, I do.

12 MR. HILL: Yes.

13 MR. ALDER: All right. I would first call
14 Mr. Mark Reinbold.

15 Would you state your name and your position
16 with the Division for the record?

17 MR. REINBOLD: Mark Reinbold. Mark Reinbold.
18 I am an environmental scientist and geologist by
19 training.

20 MR. ALDER: And how long have you worked at
21 the Division?

22 MR. REINBOLD: Two years today.

23 MR. ALDER: Congratulations. And what are
24 your responsibilities at the Division?

25 MR. REINBOLD: Mostly I review UIC

1 applications primarily from the Monument Butte area as I
2 wait and determine when -- I deal with conversion
3 letters and all the requirements and the final approval
4 letters.

5 MR. ALDER: So you're assigned to a specific
6 area that includes the area where this well is?

7 MR. REINBOLD: I don't work exclusively in
8 Monument Butte but most everything is in the Uintah
9 Basin in that general area.

10 MR. ALDER: Before we continue, would you
11 provide a brief summary to the board of your educational
12 background and your professional experience?

13 MR. REINBOLD: I have a bachelor's degree from
14 the University of Illinois. I began my career at the
15 Illinois State Geological Survey, worked there for about
16 four years in stratigraphy, oil and gas-related things.
17 Big project I was involved in was the Devonian black
18 shale stratigraphy which was part of the so-called
19 Eastern gas shales project.

20 From there I went to Atlantic Richfield in
21 Denver. I worked there about six years between coal
22 exploration in the Eastern part of the country, Illinois
23 Basin, Appalachian Basin and then in oil and gas
24 exploration in Williston Basin. After that I worked or
25 RPI in Boulder, Colorado, which I did mostly

1 stratigraphic databases and regional studies for oil
2 companies' subscription.

3 After that I sort of retooled a bit and
4 learned -- took a program at the Colorado School of
5 Mines in environmental-related things. From there I
6 worked temporarily at the Colorado Geological Survey in
7 various things, mostly large-mine reclamation site
8 oversight for the Colorado Health Department and some in
9 underground storage tanks.

10 From there I went to Minnesota where I worked
11 for -- for Rust Environment Infrastructure involved in
12 several large projects there, probably -- these were
13 environmental in the groundwater-related things. The
14 biggest thing I worked on, probably, was decommissioning
15 of the Minuteman missile sites and later on I worked for
16 Mechanical Engineering, it was a small engineering firm
17 and primarily in geotechnical and environmentally
18 related things so I was there about three years and
19 after that I came here.

20 MR. ALDER: Thank you. That's a lot of years
21 of experience. Did you say you have a bachelor's in
22 geology, as well?

23 MR. REINBOLD: I do.

24 MR. ALDER: And at this time, Mr. Chairman,
25 I'd move to qualify Mr. Reinbold as an expert in geology

1 and hydrology as it relates to the UIC application
2 process.

3 CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Mr. MacDonald, any
4 objections?

5 MR. MacDONALD: No objection.

6 CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Ms. Cassler?

7 MS. HUDSON CASSLER: No. No objection.

8 CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Does the board have any
9 objections?

10 Okay. We will recognize Mr. Reinbold as an
11 expert.

12 MR. ALDER: Thank you.

13 Mr. Reinbold, are you familiar with the
14 application for the injection well we've been discussing
15 at this hearing?

16 MR. REINBOLD: Yes.

17 MR. ALDER: And did you review it?

18 MR. REINBOLD: Yes.

19 MR. ALDER: Would you tell the board what your
20 review involved and what kinds of documents and things
21 you look at?

22 MR. REINBOLD: I prepared a UIC injection
23 permit application analysis form, which is sort of a
24 checklist of -- referring to the different requirements
25 and whether or not these requirements had been met, just

1 for reference. And then I prepare the permit statement
2 of basis, which is a more in-depth review in determining
3 whether they meet all the requirements to proceed and,
4 ultimately, whether we can permit it.

5 MR. ALDER: All right. And the permit
6 statement of basis, is this document that I have marked
7 as Division Exhibit No. 1; is that right?

8 MR. REINBOLD: Yes.

9 MR. ALDER: And that's been provided -- copies
10 of that have been provided to the board.

11 Would you go through that very briefly and
12 kind of give us the high points of the things -- the
13 issues you look at and your conclusions with regard to
14 this particular application?

15 MR. REINBOLD: One of the first things we look
16 at is the cement bond logs to determine if there is
17 adequate cement to justify literally what to inject into
18 and initially the -- the interval was 6387 to 6699.

19 We did have some questions about that with
20 regard to the cement bond. We talked about that and
21 they did lower the interval as had been discussed. So
22 the present interval between 86 and 9,000 feet has,
23 according to the logs, adequate cement bond.

24 And we look at the -- the depth of the
25 proposed injection interval with regard to how far it is

1 from the base of the moderately saline groundwater. And
2 in this case we established it as more than 7,000 feet,
3 upwards of 8,000 feet below the adjacent moderately
4 saline groundwater. So that should not be a problem.

5 And they're required to enter mechanical
6 integrity tests, which they did on June 8th, 2010. It
7 was witnessed by Dennis Ingram from the Roosevelt field
8 office and -- and he found it to be -- it was
9 acceptable.

10 I looked at water wells in the area of review
11 and what I found, ones that listed the depth, were
12 anywhere in the area of 120 to 500 feet deep so this is
13 far, far above any potential groundwater contamination
14 from the -- from the injection.

15 MR. ALDER: Did you look at the geology and
16 the presence of aquitards?

17 MR. REINBOLD: Yes. I reviewed all the
18 cross-sections and maps that Mr. Borer discussed and
19 found them to be fully adequate.

20 MR. ALDER: Anything else in that -- of
21 significance in that report?

22 MR. REINBOLD: Yes. They ran the step rate
23 test on June 1st and found a parting pressure of
24 1813 pounds per square inch. Based on the -- sort of an
25 arbitrary 10 percent reduction for a safety factor, came

1 up with approximately 1630 psi and, of course, as has
2 been mentioned, we discussed with El Paso personnel and
3 we are okay with the 1700.

4 I looked at the water analyses for the -- for
5 the waters to be injected along with the -- compared
6 that to the analysis from -- from the injection interval
7 in the well and these are -- appear to be fully
8 compatible. And, as I said, I've looked at the
9 cross-sections, there appear to be no problem in terms
10 of having aquitards to protect the groundwater above,
11 and the zones below the injection.

12 And so based on all of these reviews, I've
13 concluded that they have demonstrated that it does meet
14 the requirements and it is acceptable for the Division
15 to be permitted as an injection zone.

16 MR. ALDER: So referring to the last page of
17 that report, would you read just that sentence and give
18 us the date?

19 MR. REINBOLD: Okay. "The conclusion is the
20 Division staff recommends approval of this application
21 contingent upon no additional or unforeseen information
22 being presented that's relevant to this analysis or
23 modifies the data presented herein." I had just dated
24 November 3rd, 2010, after some of the updated
25 information came in.

1 MR. ALDER: And have you -- are you aware of
2 any unforeseen information or information that you've
3 heard at the hearing here today that would cause you not
4 to recommend approval?

5 MR. REINBOLD: No.

6 MR. ALDER: That's all the questions I have
7 for Mr. Reinbold.

8 CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Mr. MacDonald, do you have
9 questions?

10 MR. MacDONALD: Just for the record, again,
11 Mr. Reinbold, your finding is that the UIC application
12 is complete and technically accurate; is that correct?

13 MR. REINBOLD: Yes.

14 MR. MacDONALD: Thank you.

15 CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Ms. Cassler.

16 MS. HUDSON CASSLER: Nothing, sir.

17 CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Does the board have
18 questions for Mr. Reinbold?

19 MR. ALDER: I didn't identify, but
20 Mr. Reinbold first identified this UIC checklist form;
21 is that right? And this is marked as Division's
22 Exhibit 2. It has been provided to the board. Is that
23 the document you were referring to?

24 MR. REINBOLD: Yes.

25 MR. ALDER: And that lists the rules and you

1 found that this application satisfies the rules as
2 indicated there?

3 MR. REINBOLD: Yes.

4 MR. ALDER: At this time we would offer --

5 CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Mr. Alder, you lost me on
6 that.

7 MR. ALDER: There should be --

8 CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Mr. Reinbold was testifying
9 regarding Exhibit 1.

10 MR. ALDER: Right.

11 CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Okay. And now what did you
12 say about Exhibit 2?

13 MR. ALDER: And if there are questions or
14 cross-examination on Exhibit 2, I apologize, and would
15 certainly make him available for that. When he earlier
16 testified there was a checklist, I didn't ask him to
17 identify it by exhibit number. And this is the
18 checklist that he testified to.

19 CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Okay. All right. Thank
20 you.

21 MR. ALDER: So, again, I'd offer Exhibits 1
22 and -- Division's Exhibits 1 and 2 as part of the record
23 in this matter.

24 CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: And you want them admitted?

25 MR. ALDER: (Nods head.)

1 CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Any objections, Mr.
2 MacDonald?

3 MR. MacDONALD: No. But just for purposes of
4 clarification, Mr. Chairman, the Division had four
5 numbered exhibits attached to its notice of agency
6 action and some of those are numbered 1, 2, 3, 4,
7 perhaps it be would be better to relabel these two
8 Exhibits 5 and 6.

9 MR. ALDER: I will do so.

10 CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Okay. So Exhibit 5 is the
11 permit statement of basis?

12 MR. MacDONALD: Correct.

13 CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: And Exhibit 6 is the UIC
14 injection permit application analysis form.

15 MR. ALDER: That would be correct.

16 CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: And you're moving for
17 admission of Exhibits 5 and 6?

18 MR. ALDER: Yes.

19 CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: No objection, Mr.
20 MacDonald?

21 MR. MacDONALD: No objection.

22 CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Ms. Cassler?

23 MS. HUDSON CASSLER: No objections.

24 CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Does the board have any
25 objections?

1 Okay. So Exhibits 5 and 6 will be entered.

2 (Division Exhibits 5 and 6 were received into
3 evidence.)

4 MR. ALDER: And I'd offer Mr. Reinbold for
5 questions from the board.

6 MR. GILL: I have one question, if this is
7 timely.

8 CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Go ahead, Mr. Gill.

9 MR. GILL: You may or may not be able to
10 testify to this. But underneath the City of Coalville
11 there's a gas storage reservoir that involves surface
12 tankage and pumps. Have you ever been there and, if so,
13 what is the surface noise compared to the ambient
14 background noise at distance from those wells?

15 MR. REINBOLD: I'm not familiar with it.

16 MR. GILL: If you know. Pardon me, go ahead.

17 MR. REINBOLD: I am not familiar with it.

18 MR. GILL: Thank you.

19 CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: All right, Mr. Alder?

20 MR. ALDER: Call Mr. Hill, Mr. Brad Hill.

21 Mr. Hill, would you state your name and
22 position with the Division?

23 MR. HILL: I'm Bradley G. Hill. I am the oil
24 and gas permitting manager from the Division of Oil, Gas
25 and Mining.

1 MR. ALDER: And what are your responsibilities
2 with regard to the UIC injection program?

3 MR. HILL: I supervise and oversee all the
4 permitting of the underground injection program.

5 MR. ALDER: And have you -- what's been your
6 responsibility with regard to this application?

7 MR. HILL: Basically I'm Mark Reinbold's
8 supervisor and supervised him and consulted with him in
9 the -- his evaluation of this application.

10 MR. ALDER: And have -- what are your --
11 what's your experience with this program, number of
12 years?

13 MR. HILL: With the UIC program? I've been
14 working with the UIC program since February of 1988.

15 MR. ALDER: Okay. And did you prepare a memo
16 that has been addressed and delivered to the board with
17 regard to this application summarizing the Division's
18 evaluation and recommendations?

19 MR. HILL: Yes, I did.

20 MR. ALDER: Would you summarize that briefly
21 for the record and -- in this matter and for the board?

22 MR. HILL: Basically, the memo just points out
23 that we have reviewed this application and find it
24 acceptable, that -- also pointing out that we have had
25 some objections and those concerns needed to be

1 addressed by this board, otherwise, we would have
2 approved this well administratively.

3 MR. ALDER: Now, were the objections such
4 that -- that the testimony you've heard today would
5 cause the Division to have a different opinion about
6 recommending approval of this injection well?

7 MR. HILL: I don't think we've heard them all
8 yet.

9 MR. ALDER: Okay. Those that you've heard so
10 far.

11 MR. HILL: We haven't heard from the people
12 objecting. I'm satisfied with what we've heard from El
13 Paso.

14 MR. ALDER: That's a good answer.

15 That's all the questions I have. I appreciate
16 you're clarifying my question.

17 Offer Mr. Hill to the board and to the parties
18 for cross-examination.

19 CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Mr. MacDonald, do you have
20 questions for Mr. Hill?

21 MR. MacDONALD: Just -- just a few, Mr.
22 Chairman.

23 Mr. Hill, I'm going to direct your attention
24 to one of the letters that was attached as part of
25 Exhibit 3 to the Division's notice of agency action.

1 It's a letter dated February 11th, 2010, that you
2 signed, sent to Ms. Carolyn Elder. Do you -- have you
3 seen that document?

4 MR. HILL: I don't have it in front of me.
5 I'm familiar with that.

6 MR. MacDONALD: I'll be happy, if I can,
7 Mr. Chairman, I'm sorry. I'll show Mr. Hill what I'm
8 talking about.

9 This letter here, February 11th, 2010.

10 MR. HILL: Yes.

11 MR. MacDONALD: Okay. In this letter,
12 Mr. Hill, you refer to a 2007 U.S. geological survey
13 that was done in coordination with the Division
14 regarding the injection appropriateness of the Duchesne
15 River, Uintah Green River, and other underlying
16 formations regarding saltwater disposal. Could you kind
17 of outline for the board what that report concluded?

18 MR. HILL: Yes. We have been involved with
19 the USGS for a number of years. They've been monitoring
20 water wells in Uintah Basin for the purpose of
21 monitoring for influence by UIC Class II injection
22 wells. And, to date, and this program is still ongoing,
23 to date we have seen no contamination by water wells
24 from underground injection in the Uintah Basin.

25 MR. MacDONALD: So, in other words, as this

1 letter says, that there's slim, if not impossible,
2 chance of upward migration from injection into the
3 middle Green River formation upward to a potential
4 drinking water source; is that correct?

5 MR. HILL: We do not consider it likely, no.

6 MR. MacDONALD: All right. Thank you.

7 Mr. Chairman, just a point of bookkeeping here
8 again. The Division's notice of agency action had four
9 exhibits attached to it. Technically, I would assume
10 that is part of the record for this cause regardless
11 since the original permit application actually serves as
12 the request or agency action, but to the extent it's
13 necessary I'd like to get Exhibits 1 through 4 from the
14 Division admitted into evidence, as well.

15 CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Okay. Mr. Alder, can you
16 go through what those exhibits are?

17 MR. ALDER: Yes. If I can find my -- my
18 understanding was, I thought you had actually refiled
19 those. So I -- hang on just one second. So Exhibit 1
20 is the application; is that right?

21 MR. MacDONALD: Part of it, uh-huh.

22 MR. ALDER: Exhibit 2 consists of one two,
23 three, four letters of objection, I believe. There
24 might be one more. Yeah, five.

25 Should have known you were going to do this to

1 me. So we have a letter from David E. Cassler and
2 Valerie Cassler dated January 2010. We have a letter
3 from W. V. Ingles, March 2nd, 2010. We have a letter
4 from David E. Cassler dated February 10, 2010; a letter
5 from David Cassler and Valerie Cassler, again, dated
6 January 9th, 2010.

7 Another -- a letter from Bill Ingles dated
8 January 10th, 2010. And then a letter from Carolyn
9 Elder dated January 6th, 2010. And, finally, another
10 letter from William Ingles dated December 31st, 2009, as
11 the date of receipt.

12 Those are all contained in Exhibit 2 which, I
13 believe, in the body of notice of agency action
14 identified those as objections that had been received
15 requiring this matter to be heard by the board. Some of
16 them are just correspond with the Division.

17 Exhibit 3 are responses from the Division to
18 Mr. Ingles and Carolyn Elder, from Mark Reinbold and
19 Brad Hill. And Exhibit 4 is the pressure test. I think
20 it's already been admitted as part of the record. Part
21 of your exhibits.

22 MR. MacDONALD: Again, Mr. Chairman, my
23 opinion would be that this is part of the official
24 record in this cause anyway but I just wanted to make
25 sure that it's understood that's part of the record,

1 that's why I wanted him go through that.

2 CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: You're not asking that they
3 be admitted?

4 MR. MacDONALD: Well, to the extent --

5 CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: You're saying --

6 MR. MacDONALD: -- that they're not already
7 deemed part of the record that they be admitted.

8 CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Okay. But they are already
9 part of the record.

10 MR. MacDONALD: They should be, yes.

11 CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: They're part of the
12 Division's initial filing.

13 MR. MacDONALD: Correct.

14 CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Okay.

15 MR. MacDONALD: That's all I have,
16 Mr. Chairman for the Division's witnesses.

17 CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Okay. Ms. Cassler, any
18 questions for Mr. Hill?

19 MS. HUDSON CASSLER: None at this time.

20 CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Okay. Does the board have
21 any questions for Mr. Hill?

22 Okay. Thank you, Mr. Hill.

23 Mr. Alder?

24 MR. ALDER: That concludes the Division's
25 presentation and I suppose we might reserve the

1 opportunity to give our final recommendation after we
2 hear the comments or the response by the objectioners
3 for the Respondent.

4 CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Okay. All right.

5 Ms. Cassler.

6 MS. HUDSON CASSLER: Okay. Let me bring this
7 closer.

8 All right. Is that --

9 MR. JENSEN: Excuse me, Ms. Cassler.

10 Mr. Chairman, I need to leave.

11 CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Pardon?

12 MR. JENSEN: I need to leave as we've talked
13 about. So you still have a quorum.

14 CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Okay. Mr. Jensen is going
15 to have to leave due to previous business. We still
16 have a quorum of five. Okay.

17 Ms. Cassler, will you be testifying today
18 regarding facts or --

19 MS. HUDSON CASSLER: I will be testifying
20 concerning what I've seen and know. I don't know if
21 that consists of facts but, of course, I consider them
22 to be facts.

23 CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Okay. Let's have you
24 sworn, then, before you do that.

25 MS. HUDSON CASSLER: Certainly.

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CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Okay.

VALERIE HUDSON CASSLER,
called as a witness on behalf of the Respondent, being
duly sworn, was examined and testified as follows:

MS. HUDSON CASSLER: Yes.

I wish I could be like Mr. Jensen and leave.
I'm missing my eight year old's very first Pinewood
Derby. I can't tell you how heartbroken I am.

CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: We understand your pain.

MS. HUDSON CASSLER: I would like to thank the
chairman and the committee for allowing us to come here
today. I'll introduce myself and then briefly introduce
the gentleman to my right, who will be allowed, as I
understand, to make a short statement after my own.

My name is Valerie Hudson Cassler and my
husband, David, and I, as I think I mentioned before,
own the property at 801 West 5080 North in Roosevelt
which is less than a thousand feet from the proposed
Lawson Well.

I hold a doctorate in political science and
work as a university professor but since we have young
children at home my husband is minding them while I am
here but he fully endorses this statement as a joint
statement of our concerns.

I would like introduce Mr. Jared Jensen, which

1 is my immediate neighbor across the street. That
2 location of his house is less than 800 feet from the
3 Lawson -- the proposed Lawson Well. He did not receive
4 the papers and, therefore, did not know that he needed
5 to -- to file an objection, but I -- I'm thankful for
6 the board's graciousness in allowing him to make a short
7 statement after my own.

8 Now, I'm not here to suggest that anybody in
9 the room doesn't know their business or in any way has
10 some sort of malevolent intent. No way. All right?
11 I've been in conversations with folks from the Division
12 before and have found them professional and they have
13 bent over backwards to answer my questions. I was
14 introduced to Mr. Borer and Ms. Hammock from El Paso
15 before this meeting and I found them full of good intent
16 and willing to work to alleviate any concerns. From
17 what I've seen from the board, I'm impressed. I am
18 impressed. So there's nothing like that here.

19 But what I would like to suggest is that we're
20 not sure that El Paso has all the facts it needs, right?
21 On-the-ground folk can see and know things that you
22 can't know by doing an Internet search or looking on a
23 website. You can't know by sitting in Denver or even
24 sitting in Salt Lake City and that's what we're here to
25 talk about, to give you a sense of the nervousness of

1 the local homeowners. People joke about Happy Valley
2 but we've been lately joking about Unhappy Valley, where
3 we live. And so that's our purpose here today.

4 So let me give you a roadmap of the five
5 points that I'm going to touch on. As a professor I
6 know if you don't have a roadmap, you know, you can get
7 lost. So number one, what we'd like to talk about is
8 structural integrity, migration, and cross-pressure
9 issues. Number two, we'd like to bring up H2S, which
10 has not been mentioned so far in this hearing and
11 related safety issues. Number three, we would like to
12 mention the on-the-ground track record of El Paso's
13 partner in -- in this well, which is Devon Energy.
14 Number four, we'd like to look at some about nuisance
15 issues that we believe have some safety implications, as
16 well. And number six, we're in need of some
17 clarification on legal issue and would like to look at
18 some possible alternatives. So let me go ahead and get
19 started.

20 This particular well, as you know, last
21 produced in 1983. It's our understanding that it was
22 originally drilled before 1983, making it probably over
23 30 years old. And as noted, the same pipe was in the
24 ground. As the Division noted in Division Exhibit 1,
25 which I think has been renamed Division Exhibit 5 --

1 CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Correct.

2 MS. HUDSON CASSLER: I may be wrong on that,
3 but I think you did --

4 CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: I think you're correct.

5 MS. HUDSON CASSLER: On Page 2 it talks about
6 the cement of being of dubious quality, probably
7 necessitating a squeeze job.

8 Okay. You know, this -- this raises some
9 issues for us because, migration aside, if you have a
10 failing of the casing, you have a big problem. And
11 those of us who live in this valley know what happens
12 when casing fails. What I'd like for you to do is to
13 take you a little further from that half-mile radius and
14 go to just one-and-a-half-mile radius and I'd like to
15 talk about what's called the Harmston Well.

16 The Harmston injection site, same generation,
17 drilled at virtually the very same time as the Lawson
18 Well, all right, just down the hill, recently suffered a
19 major breach that cost them \$515,000 to correct. They
20 had to insert all new tubing. Furthermore, within the
21 last two years that injection site has suffered three
22 fires.

23 Mr. Jensen was present for all three of those,
24 the largest of which necessitated 12 support trucks,
25 including fire trucks to put it out. And I'd like to

1 point out that the Lawson Well, unlike the Harmston
2 Well, is surrounded by a lot of flammable material,
3 foliage as well as homes which are quite near this site.

4 And so, you know, we have a history of failure
5 right next door in the valley and you can understand our
6 perspective on the ground being a little nervous.

7 Let me take you to another well, again,
8 within -- well, actually within about one mile, which is
9 the Hurley Well that was being drilled. This is an oil
10 well that was being drilled. When they drilled down,
11 okay -- and a mile away the Harmston Well is injecting,
12 right? As the oil was being drilled, okay, the injected
13 fluid from the Harmston Well flooded the drill zone of
14 the Hurley Well.

15 Their response to this, by those who who own
16 the Hurley Well, well, it was a total mess, but they had
17 a WDI, a waste disposal, that did the injection at
18 Harmston. They had to lift the water, the produced
19 water that had flooded the drill zone and put it into
20 open-pit evaporation ponds, which set up a huge stink.
21 It stinks to this day because the water has not
22 completely evaporated from those ponds.

23 All right. So, again, as we look at all the
24 very nice-looking paperwork that looks completely
25 adequate, we on the ground see a history of cut -- very

1 major failure right next door with some of these
2 injection wells.

3 Now, I would like to turn to the issues of
4 migration and cross-pressure. Okay. We noted in the
5 revision that the well will be drilled lower, okay, than
6 it had been previously assumed to be drilled -- it's
7 going to be drilled now between 8,642 and 8,981, and we
8 saw the rationale for this. But do you know, okay, that
9 the Harmston Well that we just talked about, which is
10 1.5-miles away, okay, is drilling at the very same
11 elevations and injecting water in the very same strata.

12 Furthermore, they're pumping at 2,900 psi.
13 Now, the owner -- the one who's doing the injecting at
14 the Harmston, Jerry texted him, and asked him if he knew
15 about this meeting as we are sitting here. He said,
16 "No. I had no idea. Is there a hearing about this?"
17 And when Jerry told him the depth, he was like, "Oh, my
18 gosh, it's the same strata."

19 All right. And they're pumping at 2,900 psi
20 there's going to be cross-pressure, as Mr. Quigley was
21 talking about, there's going to be regionalized pressure
22 here that may result in fractures, but, furthermore, if
23 you look at 2,900 versus 1700, all right, who's going to
24 push the hardest? It's going to be the Harmston Well.

25 If any of those casings are going to fail, it

1 isn't going to be Harmston, it's going to be Lawson.
2 Lawson is what will fail. And we have seen what failure
3 does and we're very, very concerned about it. And, in
4 fact, we wish there was some way that -- that the folks
5 from WDI would be involved in this because they are
6 scared and they are upset that no one mentioned that
7 they're less than a mile and a half away and pumping in
8 the same strata at 2,900 psi. We're worried, too.

9 Mr. Quigley, who asked one of the witnesses
10 whether this was proven technology to show if fractures
11 would occur, well, when you get those cross-pressures,
12 the fractures are going to occur, they're not going to
13 occur right there at the well. Okay. This is not a
14 proven technology, this is a theoretical technology, and
15 we would -- we are worried about it.

16 In fact, on Page 5 of this is Exhibit -- is it
17 4? Okay. All right. We're a little concerned about
18 the packer set at 8,568 feet.

19 CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Which exhibit are you
20 talking about?

21 MS. HUDSON CASSLER: I believe it's now
22 Exhibit 5.

23 CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Okay. So you're talking
24 about the --

25 MR. M. JOHNSON: Division 4 --

1 CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: -- permit statement of
2 basis.

3 MS. HUDSON CASSLER: Yes.

4 CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Okay.

5 MS. HUDSON CASSLER: And the removable bridge
6 plug at 9,000. We were worried about this given what we
7 know and so we're concerned about that.

8 We would also, then, like to talk about the
9 H2S issue which has not been raised yet.

10 We would like you to know that there's 11
11 homeowners aside from some rental persons who live in
12 this area, those are the Dyes, the -- Max Weiss, the
13 Jensens, Mr. Hazel, the Bears, the Elders, the Casslers,
14 Bill Ingles, the Evans, Shawn Hall, Nathan Richards all
15 live in this area, that is, we all live within
16 three-quarter mile and some of us live within a few
17 hundred feet of the proposed injection well.

18 I'm sure I need not remind you of what
19 happened at -- with Chevron in Rangely back in the 1960s
20 with H2S. On Mr. Jensen's property, the Boom Boom Well,
21 has signage indicating that H2S, okay, is something that
22 people need to be aware of around this well. In the
23 paperwork that was submitted on the water samples, H2S
24 runs from 1 percent to 6 percent to 10 -- to 1 percent
25 to 6 percent in some of these samples. What's

1 interesting is the samples from Lawson actually
2 fluctuate, which is -- which is interesting.

3 Those who are downwind of the H2S area are a
4 little worried. If there were to be a breach, perhaps,
5 through this cross-pressure, then the H2S could migrate
6 from the Boom Boom site to the surface through the
7 Lawson Well. And H2S cannot be smelled, it cannot be
8 tasted but, of course, it is utterly deadly. So in
9 light of the cross-pressure issue that we have going,
10 we're a little bit worried. If there were to be a
11 blowout, there is going to be surface contamination, not
12 just airborne H2S, which would be deadly, but there's
13 going to be surface contamination just as we saw with
14 the Harmston Well.

15 If there are biocides involved, if there are
16 diesel organics, if there's volatile organic chemicals,
17 if there's fracking chemicals, they're going to be on
18 the surface, as well. We're concerned about these
19 issues.

20 I've been told and, again, I'm not an expert,
21 that such fracking chemicals could include J18, J155,
22 H028, from an A261 acid, one tablespoon of which is
23 lethal. We've just heard about biocides. It's not just
24 water that could be affected below, it could be water on
25 the surface. It could also be airborne contamination.

1 There was a U.S. geological survey dated 2010
2 that showed that there is migration between older water
3 and younger water when drilling is present even in the
4 context of impermeable layers. Okay. This is new
5 information that the U.S. geological survey has come out
6 with and that makes us -- that makes us concerned about
7 all of this.

8 Now, I'm sorry, I don't know why I am so
9 nervous. Next I'd like to talk about the track record
10 of El Paso's partner, Devon Energy, on the ground. And,
11 you know, when I talk to Mr. Borer, Ms. Hammock, they
12 seemed absolutely professional, absolutely committed to
13 what is good. We are not sure their partner is
14 absolutely committed to what is good.

15 MR. MacDONALD: Mr. Chairman, if I could
16 interrupt here. I do have to object at this point.
17 There's no evidence whatsoever regarding the
18 relationship of Devon and El Paso with respect to this
19 well and how Devon's operations impact El Paso other
20 than, I guess, the general field operations of another
21 operator.

22 CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Ms. Cassler, you have said
23 that you believe Devon Energies is a partner of El Paso?

24 MS. HUDSON CASSLER: They're on the ground
25 there. It's Devon people you talk to, right? It's

1 Devon people you talk to and sometimes El Paso people.

2 In fact, we just had a conversation about the
3 partnership of Devon and El Paso regarding damage to the
4 fields of Mr. Jensen right next to this due to seismic
5 testing.

6 CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Mr. MacDonald, are you
7 saying that Devon is not a partner of El Paso?

8 MR. MacDONALD: If you'd like a rebuttal
9 testimony from one of our witnesses but I will proffer
10 that Devon and El Paso are partners in a seismic shoot,
11 but are not related to any injection or operation of the
12 Lawson Well.

13 MS. HUDSON CASSLER: Right. Well, we
14 understand, though, that the pipeline is going to be,
15 you know, gated, et cetera, et cetera, et cetera. What
16 worries us is that we have a track record of Devon gates
17 being completely left open, being left open for months
18 even giving absolute word of honor that the gates would
19 be locked.

20 So, you know, who's on the ground with the
21 pipeline, with the gates, with the locks is something
22 that we're concerned about. We wonder, is it going to
23 be Devon who's been on the ground all the time. We're a
24 little worried about that but I'll let that pass.

25 CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: We note your concerns about

1 Devon Energy but we'll get back to Mr. MacDonald and his
2 witnesses, then, to talk about any involvement that
3 Devon has in this.

4 MS. HUDSON CASSLER: I think you should
5 mention that. Gates are El Paso's that were left open.
6 That's interesting.

7 All right. I'd like to go to the nuisance
8 issues and we've talked a little bit about the nuisance
9 issues before and I believe that both the Division and
10 Mr. MacDonald have talked about them.

11 But I just wanted to -- to reiterate that one
12 of the reasons that we're concerned about pressure --
13 I'm sorry, this is a little bit out of order here -- is
14 that in a conversation with the bond log operator of the
15 proposed Lawson Well, we were told that it looks like
16 the perforation zone is too tight, which could raise the
17 pressure inside the pipe above 1700 psi, stressing the
18 pipe even further. So just -- just so you know that
19 this is the kind of thing that we're hearing around the
20 valley.

21 All right. Back to nuisance issues. Let's
22 talk about lights. Now, we had a nice conversation with
23 Mr. Borer before in which we talked about how bright the
24 lights were around the El Paso wells and how wonderful
25 it would be if there were motion sensors that would

1 allow the lights to be turned off when there was no one
2 around. But let me tell you, we've got thought the new
3 Dye Well, Hurley, the Horrocks, the Harmston injection
4 site, now the Lawson injection site, Boom Boom Well, and
5 others all brightly lit right there in the area within
6 two miles of each other.

7 And, you know, again, there are some local
8 regulations about not placing such bright lights on
9 other people's property. So we would urge El Paso to
10 address this issue because we think it is an important
11 private property issue and issue of quality of life.

12 Traffic, we're -- we're concerned. You know,
13 we're told, yes, that it's just going to be 15 trucks a
14 day, but that's 15 trucks a day on top of all the truck
15 servicing, the Dye, the Hurley, the Horrocks, Harmston,
16 Boom Boom, and so forth. So I would like to know not
17 just, you know, what they're adding but then what the
18 total truck travelage is going to be.

19 The minimization of dust, it's more than just
20 a fringe issue for us. It is a particulate matter
21 issue. Three of my sons have cystic fibrosis, dare I
22 take them even outside with such large particulate
23 issues.

24 We're concerned about our wetlands. All
25 right. This is going to be a, you know, below-ground

1 pipeline, it's not going to be very far below ground.

2 We do have wetlands issues. Should there be some kind
3 of break, there would be, you know, permanent
4 contamination of wetlands in this area.

5 We are concerned about the noise on the pump.
6 Okay. We hope that El Paso would actually design the
7 structure over the pump so that it served, that it had a
8 purpose to help minimize the sound. We know that that's
9 possible. We know it's been done in other locations.

10 Furthermore, perhaps given the types of fires
11 we've seen, you know, just a little over a mile away,
12 the Harmston, maybe, you know, this building should have
13 blowout panels so that if there is a fire, the fire's
14 projected upward and not outward to the surrounding
15 homes and -- and the foliage. So that's an issue for
16 us, as well.

17 Let's talk about water quality. Our --
18 fortunately, my husband and I got a clean baseline from
19 ALS Labs on 153 different possible chemicals, a nice
20 clean baseline dated February 2010 so we're anxiously
21 looking forward to the results of a new test. But
22 Mr. Jensen, his water has gone from a 9-grade hardness
23 to a 99-grade hardness since the drilling in the area
24 has stepped up. His water filters and softeners no
25 longer work, although they worked for four years

1 previous. He is now buying bottled water and I'd like
2 to reiterate that neither Mr. Jensen's well nor my
3 family's well is on any of those maps, and ours because
4 it was drilled way before 1995 so we think the
5 monitoring of wells is going to be very important to be
6 done on a very regular basis.

7 Now, I would like to talk kind of about
8 interesting theoretical or legal issue. And I'm a
9 lawyer. So I'm going to defer to the experts but we
10 know what a mineral right is. It's the right to extract
11 a mineral good for commercial purposes. Okay.
12 Disposing of saline water is not a mineral right. And,
13 in fact, in the exhibit when El Paso was asked
14 specifically whether there will be any enhanced recovery
15 at the well, the answer is, no. It is disposal only.

16 Now, that's fine, that they're not extracting
17 anything. That's perfectly fine. But I can tell you
18 that even though extraction of mineral rights absolves
19 the extractor from problems with devaluation of surface
20 property, it is my understanding that it may not absolve
21 a disposer from devaluation of surface property.

22 And I can tell you we just put our -- our
23 property on the market two weeks ago. Okay. The
24 realtor and my family had agreed on a set-upon price
25 before she saw what was around the area. She saw where

1 the proposed injection site was to be, she saw the Dye
2 Well, she took \$50,000 off the asking price. \$50,000.

3 Once that injection well goes in, I don't
4 believe that my husband and I will even be able to
5 recover our purchase price from that property. And I
6 can assure you that there is some significant damage
7 being done to the homeowners in the area.

8 Now, lastly, let's talk about possible
9 alternatives. I would like to suggest, first off, that
10 the alternative that we see in Division Exhibit 5
11 troubles us greatly. On Page 4 of Exhibit 5 it says,
12 "In the event that the currently proposed injection
13 interval should prove unsuitable for reasons of
14 inadequate permeability, injectivity, or chemical
15 incompatibility between the disposal water and the
16 formation water, potential alternative injection zones
17 are available. These would include the sandwich zones
18 within the lower Uintah formation, 5,000 to 5240 feet or
19 4300 to 4700 feet."

20 Now, based on what Mr. Borer showed us, that
21 looks like a pretty bad alternative and we're worried
22 about that. We wonder if perhaps the Hamilton Well
23 should not be reconsidered.

24 The Hamilton Well was a disposal well which is
25 southeast of -- still about a mile from the Dye Well and

1 our understanding is that El Paso could not reach an
2 accommodation with Mr. Hamilton and so turned to the
3 Lawson Well. We believe in light of the possible
4 problems that could be associated with the Lawson Well,
5 problems with the alternative of going more shallow than
6 Mr. Borer would like, then perhaps some consideration of
7 an alternative is proper.

8 We're also interested in talking about
9 mitigation issues, like motion sensors on the light,
10 like soundproofing the pump building, like dust
11 abatement, and things of this issue. We're not here to
12 shut anybody down. We're not here to take some kind of
13 ideological issue. We're here to protect our families,
14 our children. We're here to protect, also, our private
15 property rights and the value of our property.

16 I thank you very much and would like to turn
17 the time over to my neighbor, Mr. Jensen, for his short
18 statement.

19 Thank you.

20 MR. JENSEN: Does co-counsel have any problems
21 with me making a statement it at this time?

22 CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Before we do that, before
23 we go to you, Mr. Jensen, let's ask the other parties if
24 they have any questions of Ms. Cassler.

25 Let's start with Mr. MacDonald.

1 MR. MacDONALD: Yes, Mr. Chairman, just a few
2 questions for Ms. Cassler.

3 Ms. Cassler --

4 CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Excuse me. And based upon
5 the questions and issues raised by Ms. Cassler, I think
6 after questions for Ms. Cassler and comments from
7 Mr. Jensen, Mr. MacDonald, if you have any rebuttal
8 testimony you'd like to put on the record with your
9 witnesses, let's do that.

10 MR. MacDONALD: Yes, I'd like to do that,
11 Mr. Chairman.

12 CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: But for now let's have
13 questions of Ms. Cassler from Mr. MacDonald and Mr.
14 Alder and from the board.

15 MR. MacDONALD: Ms. Cassler, just I want to
16 ask you a couple questions. Do you have any education
17 or expertise in geology?

18 MS. HUDSON CASSLER: I'm glad you asked that.
19 I was actually a geology major as an undergraduate and
20 loved it and have been an amateur geologist ever since.
21 But no credentialed expertise, Mr. MacDonald.

22 MR. MacDONALD: All right. Do you have any
23 expertise in petroleum engineering?

24 MS. HUDSON CASSLER: No, sir. I do not. I'm
25 just an on-the-ground homeowner with eyes and ears.

1 MR. MacDONALD: And, again, the Harmston Well
2 which, and the disposal pits, those are operated by WDI,
3 are they not?

4 MS. HUDSON CASSLER: I believe they're
5 operated by them, absolutely. I think the ownership is
6 somewhat different.

7 MR. MacDONALD: Okay. Do you have a residence
8 on the property here?

9 MS. HUDSON CASSLER: Yes, sir.

10 MR. MacDONALD: Okay. I was just curious
11 because your mailing address was in Orem.

12 MS. HUDSON CASSLER: Yes, we have two
13 residences.

14 MR. MacDONALD: All right. And, finally, as
15 far as the roads leading up to the well site, is it not
16 true that they are county roads leading up to the road
17 that goes north from the section line of section 21 up
18 to the well?

19 MS. HUDSON CASSLER: Yes. We're concerned
20 about the road, it goes from the county road to the well
21 site.

22 MR. MacDONALD: Okay. That's the only private
23 road, though, the rest of them are county road; is that
24 correct?

25 MS. HUDSON CASSLER: I believe that's correct,

1 yes.

2 MR. MacDONALD: That's all, Mr. Chairman.

3 CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Mr. Alder, do you have any
4 questions for Ms. Cassler.

5 MR. ALDER: Yes, Mr. Chairman.

6 There was a statement which Ms. Cassler made
7 about -- Cassler, excuse me.

8 MS. HUDSON CASSLER: Thank you.

9 MR. ALDER: What did you say?

10 MS. HUDSON CASSLER: Yes, that's correct,
11 Cassler.

12 MR. ALDER: Thank you. -- about cross-flow
13 pressures that the Division would like a clarification
14 if Mr.-- Dustin Doucet, if he could ask a clarifying
15 question on that, that might -- and then we might have a
16 question or two.

17 MS. HUDSON CASSLER: Sure. Though, I believe
18 that Doug Betts of WDI has to be brought into these
19 deliberations since he is the one who is injecting into
20 that well, knows his pressure, knows what strata he's
21 injecting into. So what I'm giving you is hearsay. I'm
22 a nonexpert. Why isn't that person in this room? I
23 think it's imperative that he have input here.

24 CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Mr. Doucet.

25 MR. DOUCET: Okay. I'm not -- I'm not sure I

1 need to ask it if she qualifies as a nonexpert. I think
2 my question goes along to get more information on what
3 she meant by the cross-flow pressures and if she could
4 provide more detail on what that means and, you know,
5 what she meant by that -- by that testimony.

6 MS. HUDSON CASSLER: They're projecting into
7 the very same depths, they're about a mile apart. One's
8 running 1700 psi, one's running 2900 psi. We believe
9 that there is going to be some cross-pressure and that
10 the significant differential between the pressures at
11 which the saline is being pumped will perhaps, as Mr.
12 Quigley pointed out, create or exaggerate regional
13 fracturing and perhaps cause a breach possibly in the
14 casing of the well running at the lower pressure.

15 MR. DOUCET: Are you saying the pressures are
16 aggregate, you're adding those pressures together?

17 MS. HUDSON CASSLER: No, sir. Doug Betts says
18 he is running -- he's injecting at 2,900 psi at the same
19 exact depth that the Lawson saline will be injected but
20 the Lawson will be injecting at 1700 psi.

21 MR. DOUCET: So your concern is more about the
22 pressure on the other well, not necessarily crossflow.

23 MS. HUDSON CASSLER: No. There's two, right?
24 One is the possibility, as Mr. Quigley pointed out, of,
25 you know, the two waters, one at one pressure, one at

1 another pressure, meeting somewhere between the two
2 wells and causing a local fracture that is not by either
3 well and then the -- the less probable but still
4 possible scenario of having that which is injected at
5 2,900 psi cause a weakening or perhaps even a failure of
6 the casing at the Lawson Well. Why? Again, go back to
7 the conversation that was had with the -- the operator
8 at the Lawson Well, who said that they found the
9 perforation was tight and that the pressures rose.
10 Okay.

11 It's already tight. Okay. They know it's
12 tight. We're worried about what happens when this turns
13 into a fully functioning facility at Lawson.

14 CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Let me ask a question of
15 Mr. Nelson which may help clarify. Mr. Nelson, there's
16 no injection going on at the Lawson Well at this time,
17 is there?

18 MR. NELSON: There is not.

19 CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: So the pressure at the
20 Lawson Well, basically, is gravity pressure at the
21 bottom of the hole?

22 MR. NELSON: Yes.

23 CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Okay. So the tendency for
24 the -- with the Harmston well, if it's being injected at
25 2900 psi now, if there is any interference going from

1 the Harmston Well to the Lawson Well, it would show up
2 more at this point in time since there's no additional
3 pressure in the Lawson Well; is that correct?

4 MR. NELSON: Yeah. We're not seeing a -- a
5 direct connection of pressure.

6 CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Okay. So, Ms. Cassler, I'm
7 not sure I understand your concern there because when
8 they start injecting into the Lawson Well at 1700 psi,
9 that's actually a higher pressure in the Lawson Well
10 than exists right now. So if there is --

11 MS. HUDSON CASSLER: I wonder if the Lawson
12 Well's been perforated yet.

13 MR. NELSON: Yes.

14 MR. NELSON: What was the question, excuse me?

15 CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Has the Lawson well been
16 perforated?

17 MR. NELSON: Yes, it was perforated and
18 tested.

19 MS. HUDSON CASSLER: Okay. So what we're
20 hearing is that it's tighter than they thought it would
21 be, they're not able to get the saline out like they
22 thought they would.

23 We wonder if this might be some kind of
24 byproduct of what's going on at Harmston. We wonder
25 about what will happen when Lawson is actually starting

1 to dispose saline.

2 CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: The Harmston Well is being
3 injected at this time.

4 MS. HUDSON CASSLER: Yes.

5 CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: And the Lawson Well is not.

6 MS. HUDSON CASSLER: Right. But, obviously,
7 they have perforated and they tried to do some testing
8 about what the rate of flow out of those perforations
9 are.

10 CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: So if there's any influence
11 by the Harmston Well on the Lawson Well, it's actually
12 the worst-case scenario right now, isn't it? Because
13 there's no additional pressure being put into the Lawson
14 Well. When the Lawson Well is pressurized then there
15 will be less tendency for fluid to go from the Harmston
16 Well to the Lawson Well, if I understand correctly.
17 So -- so, Ms. Cassler --

18 MS. HUDSON CASSLER: I think -- I think
19 Mr. Jensen has a follow-up statement, just a comment,
20 would that be all right?

21 CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Go ahead, Mr. Jensen.

22 MR. JARED JENSEN: Her question she's reaching
23 to is what happens when a aquifer gets full of saline
24 water, which way is the pressure going to go, being
25 dictated -- when we drilled the Hurley Well, the

1 water -- had already migrated towards their well.

2 We're just wondering when you get all those
3 zones filled up with water down at the aquifer, you're
4 going to have, you know, the Harmston Well, then Lawson
5 both filling the aquifer up, what's going to happen at
6 2900 and 1700 aggregate pressure, which one's going to
7 give when it's full? Is there going to be a failsafe, a
8 pressure relief valve is -- what's going to be
9 monitoring when that aquifer is full and they're down to
10 the saline injection?

11 MR. MacDONALD: Mr. Chairman, again, if Mr.
12 Jensen's going to make a statement, that's one thing.
13 If he's going to give testimony, he needs to be sworn.

14 CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Okay. I believe he's
15 asking a question.

16 MR. MacDONALD: Okay.

17 CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: At this time. And,
18 Mr. Nelson, can you answer that question?

19 MR. NELSON: Yeah. When we're discussing
20 pressure, the Lawson well is to the north and east of
21 the WDI injection well, and, if anything, when pressure
22 is encountered it will preferentially inject to the
23 north, to the -- to the zones of the lower pressure.

24 And so it's not -- you're not adding the two
25 pressures together and squeezing the rock. It's going

1 to filter out in directions where that pressure has not
2 been encountered.

3 MS. HUDSON CASSLER: So that would be
4 Harmston's flowing north.

5 MR. NELSON: And the other question --

6 CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: But the point I'm trying to
7 make and the reason I don't understand your concern,
8 Ms. Cassler, is that there would be more tendency for
9 that now because there's no pressure to counteract the
10 pressure coming from the Harmston Well, there's no
11 pressure in the Lawson Well right now.

12 MR. MacDONALD: And the aquifer's not full.
13 What we're worried about is when the aquifer is full.

14 MR. NELSON: And then to respond to that, the
15 rates that we inject are directly a function of the
16 pressure we're allowed to inject. So as that zone
17 pressures up, as it gets full, as they've stated, your
18 rates will drop, your pressure will not increase. So
19 we're injecting at a constant pressure and the rate is
20 variable that will change. So as the well gets full or
21 the reservoir fills, your rate will drop to a point
22 where likely it will become uneconomic.

23 MS. HUDSON CASSLER: Yeah, and then it may be
24 uneconomic sooner than one thinks because of the
25 activity of the other injection well in the area.

1 CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Mr. Quigley.

2 MR. QUIGLEY: Yeah. I think a couple of
3 things I'd like to clarify here. Number one, is this
4 step rate cast demonstrated the suitability of the
5 interval to receive this fluid at a certain pressure; is
6 that not correct?

7 MR. NELSON: Yes.

8 MR. QUIGLEY: So there's no question about the
9 permeability or the porosity or whether or not the
10 fluid -- and then you are regulated to a pressure --

11 MR. NELSON: Yes.

12 MR. QUIGLEY: -- of injection so if there was
13 any reason that the pressure -- that the injection --
14 the zone, the geologic horizon that's identified to
15 receive the fluid can't receive the fluid at that
16 pressure or less, then you can't inject.

17 MR. NELSON: Exactly.

18 MR. QUIGLEY: And so I believe that -- I mean,
19 whether or not that happens sooner than later is an
20 economic risk you take.

21 MR. NELSON: Yes. And speaking to the step
22 rate test, it not only identifies the pressure that
23 we're looking -- the maximal -- the maximum allowable
24 injection pressure but it also gives us an idea of
25 what -- what the injection profile's going to look like.

1 At 1,811 psi, we were injecting at three barrels a
2 minute which would give us by far enough injection
3 capacity to make this an economic project.

4 As we inject full time, we don't expect that
5 same result, but a fraction of that result would be
6 suitable. So the statement that it's tight or we can't
7 inject into it, I don't think is an accurate statement.

8 MR. QUIGLEY: So my next question probably
9 goes to the Division and the question is, as we have
10 another well within a mile and a half that's being used
11 as an injection well and it's been stated that the
12 injection pressure for that well is approved at 2900
13 pounds so -- is that correct?

14 MR. HILL: I'm not sure what the maximum
15 pressure is on that. I'd have to go pull the well file.
16 It would have gone through a similar permeating
17 procedure and should have had step rate tests or some
18 sort of pressure estimate. As far as fracturing goes, I
19 can't say specifically what was done on that well.

20 MR. QUIGLEY: But the same procedure would
21 have been required.

22 MR. HILL: We would have gone through the same
23 permeating process and even fracture pressures can vary
24 from place to place and different zones but I really
25 can't say for sure about that Harmston Well.

1 MR. QUIGLEY: Thank you.

2 CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Mr. Gill.

3 MR. GILL: Let me ask the question, kind of
4 put myself in Ms. Cassler's place. If you have two
5 injection wells a mile and a half apart with the
6 pressures that are being described here as taken at face
7 value, have you seen communication between two wells in
8 that distance of a mile and a half, three miles and four
9 miles?

10 MR. HILL: It is possible. Generally, we
11 don't. Fully dependent upon the specific reservoir
12 properties, variations, you know, increased porosity and
13 permeability could increase and would increase the rate
14 of influence of two injection wells. The tighter they
15 are, the less far water is going to move away from those
16 wells. There has been studies done. I can't speak to
17 specifics but looking at those studies, I've always been
18 very surprised at how small the area of influence is
19 around these injection wells and that is also partially
20 how we came up with our areas of review for injection
21 wells.

22 We -- in the wells that the State of Utah has
23 privacy on, we look within a half-mile radius, EPA --
24 where EPA has jurisdiction, they only look at a
25 quarter-mile radius around those wells.

1 MR. GILL: Thank you.

2 CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: I believe we're at the

3 point the Division was asking questions of Ms. Cassler.

4 MR. ALDER: I don't believe the Division has

5 any other questions.

6 CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Okay. Does the board have

7 any other questions for Ms. Cassler?

8 I've got one question. Ms. Cassler, you

9 talked about what you called the Boom Boom Well, and you

10 said there's a sign there warning of H2 -- the

11 possibility of H2S.

12 MS. HUDSON CASSLER: Yes, that's on

13 Mr. Jensen's property and he's right here so he can give

14 you eyewitness about what the sign says.

15 CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Okay. Well, let me ask

16 you, because we haven't sworn Mr. Jensen yet, but have

17 you ever smelled anything at the Boom Boom Well?

18 MS. HUDSON CASSLER: I, myself, have not been

19 at the Boom Boom Well. I have seen the sign from a

20 distance but I, myself, have not stood near the Boom

21 Boom Well in part because it says there's, you know,

22 H2S --

23 MR. QUIGLEY: Good idea.

24 MS. HUDSON CASSLER: -- to be honest with you.

25 CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Okay.

1 MS. HUDSON CASSLER: Which I understand you
2 can't smell anyway so I'm sorry to be such a chicken.

3 CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Okay. Mr. Jensen, my
4 understanding is you want to make a comment?

5 MR. JARED JENSEN: Yes, I'd just like to make
6 a statement when we're done and then the board can take
7 that statement or I can have it rebutted from the
8 attorney here.

9 CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Okay. Our normal procedure
10 is at the end of testimony, if anyone wants to makes a
11 comment, they can make a comment.

12 MS. HUDSON CASSLER: So make your comment.

13 CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Well, we're not at that
14 point yet.

15 MS. HUDSON CASSLER: Oh, okay. If you want to
16 here from landowners, homeowners, he's the right person
17 to ask.

18 CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Usually we ask for comments
19 at the end.

20 MS. HUDSON CASSLER: Okay.

21 CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Okay? All right.

22 MS. SEMBORSKI: Mr. Chairman --

23 CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Go ahead.

24 MS. SEMBORSKI: -- I had a question --

25 CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Ms. Semborski.

1 MS. SEMBORSKI: -- for Ms. Cassler.

2 Have you talked to any of the county entities
3 like State Planning and Zoning or the building
4 department, the county commissioners, or anything about
5 the lights, dust, the sound, the traffic issues?

6 MS. HUDSON CASSLER: Actually, I had made some
7 phone calls to try and figure out who it is I should be
8 talking to. Because, as you know, there's sort of an
9 array of county and city officials.

10 I have not figured out who I'm supposed to
11 talk to yet but I'm in process as we speak to talk about
12 those issues.

13 MS. SEMBORSKI: I was just curious being there
14 were ordinances, you know, with respect to such --

15 MS. HUDSON CASSLER: My neighbors tell me that
16 there are ordinances regarding lights and regarding the
17 noise. I don't know about dust, but I know particulate
18 matter is something that is regulated, I think, at the
19 state level. Perhaps I'm wrong on that.

20 MS. SEMBORSKI: Thank you.

21 MS. HUDSON CASSLER: Thank you.

22 CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Mr. MacDonald, do you or
23 one of your witnesses know, will a conditional use
24 permit be required by the County for the operation of
25 the well as an injector?

1 MR. MacDONALD: We have Ms. Cathy Hammock who
2 is the landman for El Paso. She's not been sworn in but
3 she can testify to that if you want her to, Mr.
4 Chairman.

5 CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: I think it'd be useful if
6 she would.

7 MR. MacDONALD: If you'd like, I was going to
8 use her as a rebuttal witness anyways, we can wait till
9 that point.

10 CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: I think we're about to that
11 point.

12 MR. MacDONALD: All right.

13 CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: I don't think anyone has
14 any more questions for Ms. Cassler; is that correct?

15 Okay. So, Mr. MacDonald, if you would like to
16 try to address the questions of concern raised by
17 Ms. Cassler.

18 MR. MacDONALD: Yes, Mr. Chairman, and a
19 couple of rebuttal questions. I will address her main
20 points from a legal standpoint in a rebuttal closing
21 statement.

22 CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Okay.

23 MR. MacDONALD: What I'd like to do,
24 Mr. Chairman, I also have Ms. Cathy Hammock who is the
25 landman in charge of this area for El Paso, she did

1 attend the hearing but was not going to be utilized as a
2 witness but as a rebuttal witness. We will call her now
3 and I'd ask she be sworn in at this time.

4 CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Yes, please.

5 CATHERINE HAMMOCK,
6 called as a witness on behalf of the El Paso, being duly
7 sworn, was examined and testified as follows:

8 THE WITNESS: I do.

9 THE REPORTER: Thank you.

10 MR. MacDONALD: Ms. Hammock, would you please
11 state your name and address for the record?

12 MS. HAMMOCK: My name is Cathy Hammock and my
13 address is 1099 18th Street, Suite 1900, Denver,
14 Colorado 80202.

15 MR. MacDONALD: What is your position with El
16 Paso?

17 MS. HAMMOCK: I'm a senior staff landman.

18 MR. MacDONALD: And as part of your duties did
19 this area of greater Altamont/Bluebell field, in
20 particular, this area around the injection well?

21 MS. HAMMOCK: Yes, it is.

22 MR. MacDONALD: All right. Couple of rebuttal
23 questions. First of all, there's the question of
24 Devon's participation as a partner with El Paso. Would
25 you please clarify that for the board?

1 MS. HAMMOCK: Devon is not partner with us in
2 the Lawson Well. We are a partner with them in a
3 seismic shoot that Mr. Jensen and Ms. Cassler informed
4 me is right in that same area. I don't handle the
5 seismic shoot, but I do know we're partners with Devon
6 there. And devon is the operator of that seismic shoot.

7 We were made aware of some issues just before
8 the hearing that from Mrs. Cassler and Mr. Jensen that
9 occurred on the surface of that seismic shoot that we
10 were not previously aware of and we are looking into but
11 we do not operate that operation.

12 MR. MacDONALD: And, again, they are not
13 partners with respect to this injection well?

14 MS. HAMMOCK: That's correct.

15 MR. MacDONALD: All right. Secondly, does El
16 Paso have an agreement for the saltwater injection site
17 with the surface owner of where the well is at?

18 MS. HAMMOCK: Yes, we do, with the Dyes. We
19 have a surface lease and a saltwater disposal agreement
20 with the Dyes.

21 MR. MacDONALD: All right. Finally, directing
22 your attention to Mr. Chairman's question regarding
23 knowledge of any conditional use permit required under
24 the Duchesne County zoning ordinance with respect to
25 this injection well?

1 MS. HAMMOCK: There is not a conditional use
2 permit required by the County. I spoke to Mr. Mike Hyde
3 with the Duchesne County Planning and Zoning Commission
4 as we were going through this process and double-checked
5 that and he confirmed there is not a condition use
6 permit required.

7 CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Okay.

8 MR. MacDONALD: That will conclude my
9 examination of Ms. Hammock.

10 CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Mr. Alder, do you have any
11 questions for Ms. Hammock?

12 MR. ALDER: No, thank you, Mr. Chairman.

13 CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Mrs. Cassler, do you have
14 any questions for Ms. Hammock?

15 MS. HUDSON CASSLER: No, sir.

16 CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Does the board have any
17 questions?

18 Thank you.

19 MR. MacDONALD: Mr. Chairman, I also --
20 Mr. Nelson would like to make one statement of
21 clarification with respect to the hydrogen sulfide
22 comment and what the exhibit -- the water -- is the
23 compatibility.

24 MR. NELSON: Yes.

25 MR. MacDONALD: That would be Exhibit O. He

1 wants to make a point of clarification.

2 MR. NELSON: Yeah, just to clarify. I believe
3 the statement was that the water analysis reflected a
4 H2S concentration of 1 to 6 percent. I just want to
5 clarify those numbers are in milligrams per liter, not
6 percentages so that's a 1 to 6 parts per million. And
7 the danger factor of that -- obviously, for safety
8 concern, we'd put signs up.

9 The Boom Boom is an oil well with oil storage
10 tanks where H2S would more likely be present. These
11 wells are still low enough concentrations it's
12 considered sweet, it's not a sour oil -- oil well. And
13 the danger mostly is for the gaugers when they're
14 opening up the gauge hatches on top of each tank.

15 So I just wanted to clarify that.

16 CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Thank you, Mr. Nelson.

17 Mr. MacDonald, would you like to have any of
18 your other witnesses address --

19 MR. MacDONALD: No. That's the end of our
20 witnesses, Mr. Chairman.

21 I'd like to reserve my rebuttal statement if
22 it's possible after Mr. Jensen's statement, as well.

23 CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: All right. Mr. Jensen.
24 Would you like to address the board regarding this
25 matter?

1 MR. JARED JENSEN: I would like to address the
2 board, if I could it at this time.

3 Just as a property owner, I was approached by
4 Mr. Cameron Moss and John Whiteside who solidified a
5 right-of-way easement from me and in that right-of-way
6 agreement. They agreed this would be a direct injection
7 from an El Paso mainlines, there wouldn't be no tanks on
8 the property, we'd have very little, if anything, but
9 pumpers to go up there and make sure that the lines were
10 working and the pressure gauges were set properly. That
11 was our agreement to do the right-of-way.

12 Also, on the right-of-way, we only gave them
13 40 feet, not 60 feet. They went in there with the motor
14 grader and decided to enlarge that to 60 feet. They're
15 taking out all the sagebrush and piling it on my fence.
16 It still hasn't been mitigated to this date. That's one
17 issue I have with them.

18 Back to communications of the well. When they
19 drilled the Hurley Well, they had approached WDI and
20 asked them to shut down for three days and import
21 that -- the water that communicated from the injection
22 site to the Hurley Well and remove that water to their
23 disposal pits where it could be reinjected. My
24 understanding, the WDI, is them surface storage ponds
25 are only -- only supposed to be used and permitted for

1 the simple use if they have a problem or they can't
2 inject, it's a temporary service of about 30 days before
3 they remove all the water.

4 We still don't have proof that water has been
5 removed and why would it generate the issue if the water
6 was pumped to the Hurley Well, why does that make it an
7 emergency for WDI to store that in their disposal pond
8 when it could have been took to another legitimate
9 facility, or is this just a cause of ease to remedy the
10 problem. So there's where you have the communications
11 on the well, that's where the main concern is.

12 If you start pumping one way, you also migrate
13 the other. You're locking off the cement job, the liner
14 job, or a casing job, what's going to prevent that. And
15 in their own testimony with that material, it's going to
16 migrate north. The Lawson 1-21A is due north of the
17 Harmston Well.

18 Doug Betts communicated to me, he says, "The
19 only problem I have with them having an injection well
20 is we're making our money on X amount of barrels per
21 day, we just put \$515,000 into their well," because they
22 had an internal tubing blowout which had a problem with
23 their casing, and they had to go down and replace all
24 that tubing, I believe it was like \$55 a foot for the
25 tubing, then they had to go down and do the mill job and

1 cut and perf and pull out parts of the surface casing
2 and redo that in order to satisfy the Division of Oil
3 and Gas and Mineral rights.

4 Therefore, we've already had a failure. I've
5 been there on three fires. If I wasn't there to
6 discontinue the triplex pumps, they would have, with the
7 pipelines exposed, we had the 300 and 500-barrel tanks
8 blowing the lids off approximately 300 feet in the air.
9 Fire department was there. If we wouldn't have stopped
10 them pumps from moving, we would have had a bigger
11 problem than we had.

12 Four years prior we had a lightning strike
13 that set the surface water on fire. The whole town was
14 evacuated in our area due to the smoke and the flames.
15 We actually had that pond light up twice. That's why we
16 had a lawsuit against them to clean up the issues of the
17 outside storage.

18 Therefore, when John Chase become owner of --
19 the untimely death of Mr. Denver, John Chase has come
20 in, he has put 1500-barrel tanks up and three units. We
21 have never seen them dispose of oil or water residues
22 exterior to them until this communication of the wells.
23 They have got rid of all the sulfur smell. This company
24 has done, in my mind, everything they can do to prevent
25 any problem with -- I've still been there on three fires

1 in two years.

2 Now, we're looking at -- we have all the
3 riparian grass, all the sagebrush, the trees, and the
4 homes. Now these fires weren't just little fires.
5 There was over 12 vehicles that responded to these fires
6 to put them out.

7 So our concern is as a homeowner and a
8 landowner, can't El Paso, one, just help us mitigate the
9 H2S problem for the cities, put up a simple detector
10 that's on all the well sites I've ever worked on, maybe
11 put an air flag like they have in Rangely to where if
12 you know an H2S monitor goes off -- in Rangely they have
13 an air flag so when the wind blows a certain direction
14 you know to run the other way. Being with H2S, you
15 can't smell it, and when you get in contact with it, all
16 of your exterior members quit, your respiratory quits,
17 and you suffocate to death.

18 We have little kids, families. She has two
19 kids with cystic fibrosis.

20 MS. HUDSON CASSLER: Three.

21 MR. JARED JENSEN: There. I don't think that
22 we have -- I think El Paso should just help us, just
23 account for the issues we have and put our minds at ease
24 and this problem can go away.

25 We know they have the right to make money, but

1 there's inconsistencies with the bond log where they've
2 had to do a squeeze job to repair. So what's the
3 continuity of the internal and external casing so when
4 they run the tubing they claim that they had that
5 blowout at 1,000 psi.

6 Now, if you're pumping at 1700 and you have a
7 part like the Harmston did, their pipe parted. When
8 their pipe parted guess what happened, it went into the
9 external part but they contained with other pressure, it
10 still overpressurizes it and, therefore, they had a
11 casing fire.

12 That's our simple question. So if you have a
13 casing failure and everything decides to migrate up the
14 pipe and out the casing of the wellhead, how do they
15 substantiate being able to account for fluids on the
16 surface, the possibility of the fire, and the
17 possibility of H₂S, you know?

18 And then the particulate for her children.
19 They could maybe use a mag chloride or something. If
20 they use straight gravel, it's going work its way down
21 into the ground, dust will come back up. I don't think
22 we're asking too much for them to expound on it, to help
23 us out.

24 And then the next issue I have is with
25 Mr. Nelson to clarify, I'm part of the North Crescent

1 Water Users Association, there has been a bond that's
2 been tried to be reached for \$5 million to bring
3 culinary water to our area. Roosevelt City, in fact,
4 got a bond and stopped three miles south of our homes
5 just due to pressurization and lack of funding.

6 But what concerns me the most with Mr. Nelson,
7 he said, "The Future water damage could be mitigated by
8 culinary water." Why would you make that claim, if
9 there's going to be no migration of any frack fluids or
10 saline injection? We shouldn't have to sit here and
11 just have the question that it may happen, but what if
12 it does happen? How can we solidify the problem with
13 protective measures with either pressure-control
14 situations and more monitoring on that injection well.

15 And to the noise factor. I'm at the WDI Well
16 approximately three times a week. If you're standing at
17 their trplex pump at their building, it's hard to hold a
18 communication. Now, as everybody knows in the morning
19 even when you're hunting your voice will travel even
20 farther, there are different times and dates -- a
21 different -- in the morning your voice will travel
22 farther than the afternoon and same with the nights. I
23 think that they need to have a noise regulation. I know
24 Duchesne County does have one.

25 But we just want it to be quiet and when they

1 construct the building, they put FRP panels up, then
2 they're not going to have an issue with the fire
3 migrating to the substructure outside the well with
4 blowout sheets on the roof, all your fire will then
5 ventilate to the surface, the fire department can move
6 in, put all of their fire extinguishing to use through
7 the roof and solidify the problem. We don't feel that's
8 too much to ask.

9 Then on the step rate question. How long has
10 that step rate been in effect? It's not in effect now.
11 They did it during a test. Our question is is where
12 they have inconsistencies with their cement log and
13 their internal pipe, you know, they already claim if
14 this fracture don't work, let's move up to the
15 undesirable part.

16 Well, if it's undesirable in the first part,
17 why do we do it again. Let's just try and protect the
18 landowners or the homeowners and just put us at ease, we
19 just want the simple questions asked, protect us, we'll
20 be -- you know, we can be fair on both sides.

21 I've made my living in the oil field, I really
22 can't complain with what's going on, but I just have
23 some concerns that I believe needs to be addressed and
24 then when the board addresses them, we will have to be
25 satisfied with your judgment.

1 And that's all I have to say today. Thank you
2 for your time.

3 CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Thank you, Mr. Jensen.

4 Is there anyone else present who would like to
5 address the board on this matter?

6 Okay. Seeing no one, let's have the three
7 parties give closing arguments. Are we at that point,
8 Mr. MacDonald?

9 MR. MacDONALD: That's fine with me,
10 Mr. Chairman.

11 I would prefer to have the last say as the
12 applicant but however you would be pleased to go.

13 CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Okay. Mr. Alder? Can we
14 start with you?

15 MR. ALDER: Yes. Mr. Chairman, with all
16 respect to the concerns of the parties that have
17 objected, the Division and the board is governed by the
18 rules and can't fix everything. And if the rules are
19 satisfied, the injection well should be approved.

20 The Division has reviewed this and found it
21 was suitable for approval and they, rather than call
22 another witness, have indicated to me and I'd proffer
23 that their testimony is that based on the testimony and
24 objections and information that's heard, although there
25 are issues that perhaps other agencies can address,

1 there's nothing that would modify their initial
2 recommendation to approve this injection well in that it
3 does satisfy the requirements of the rules.

4 That's all I have.

5 CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Ms. Cassler, would you like
6 to summarize?

7 MS. HUDSON CASSLER: Yes, sir, I would like to
8 summarize.

9 With all due respect to Mr. Alder, I've sat
10 here all day. I've sat here all day and I have seen
11 that the purpose of this board is not just to see that
12 the rules are followed but to see that the rules do
13 their job, that there was a purpose for the rules and
14 that, apparently, it is the board, not necessarily the
15 Division, whose task it is to look at that purpose and
16 see if it's been satisfied.

17 And I think the purpose is to make sure that
18 everyone is protected to the degree they can.

19 That the commercial interests of El Paso are
20 protected. Absolutely. But, also, that the homeowners
21 are protected, as well.

22 And so while Mr. Alder has said, you know, the
23 rules have been satisfied, you know, the Division's
24 hands are tied and needs to go forward, I have sat here
25 and listened to the Genwal case, I've listened to the

1 Bryce Haas case and I have seen that -- that it is not
2 improper to say, "What are these rules for?" And I am
3 hoping that that is the rule that you as the board see
4 yourself in.

5 The kinds of things that we're asking for,
6 motion sensors on the lights, express soundproofing on
7 the housing of that pump, you know, other assurances, I
8 think -- I continue to think that you as the board must
9 ask Doug Betts of WDI who's running that Harmston Well,
10 you know, for some more information about what that well
11 is doing, where that water's going, what the issues of
12 communication are and so forth. I don't think any of
13 that is unreasonable, improper, or inappropriate.

14 I think it follows the spirit of the rules and
15 so while I know that the Division feels its hands are
16 tied, I appeal to the board, I ask you, I -- you've got
17 a place that's now calling itself Unhappy Valley and I
18 think there are modest and reasonable measures that
19 could be taken to lead out as an example of how to
20 harmonize the commercial interests of El Paso and the
21 protection and private property interests and
22 quality-of-life concerns and safety concerns of the
23 homeowners.

24 Utah can do this. We're a great state and we
25 have a lot of oil and gas mining. We can get it right

1 here and I ask you to consider that perspective as you
2 consider this particular case.

3 Thank you so much, Mr. Chairman, and the
4 board.

5 CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Thank you.

6 Mr. MacDonald.

7 MR. MacDONALD: Thank you, Mr. Chairman. I'll
8 be brief.

9 Again, you know, I certainly don't want to
10 minimize or discredit Ms. Cassler's concerns. They're
11 legitimate concerns. As a homeowner I would be
12 concerned maybe if I was in the same situation.

13 But as a practical and legal matter, it's
14 legally irrelevant. The matters in front of you are set
15 forth by statute and rule. The testimony you've been
16 given by El Paso and the Division is from credible
17 expert witnesses. Ms. Cassler's testimony, while, you
18 know, certainly deserving of an ear, yet most of it was
19 hearsay, most of it was regarding an operator of a well
20 that's a mile and a half away, which is outside the
21 region concerning this matter, and does not concern El
22 Paso. It's not an El Paso situation.

23 I think the evidence that you've had is that
24 the -- all the criteria, that the whole purpose of this
25 UIC permit injection program that was handed down to the

1 State of Utah by the EPA, all those criteria have been
2 met.

3 Certainly communication is always important.
4 I think you heard today that the El Paso people went and
5 talked to Ms. Cassler about some of her concerns. I
6 would hope as counsel that that kind of communication
7 with the landowners out there continues, it's important.
8 A lot of it's simply just information share.

9 I think I can speak that El Paso will make
10 good-faith efforts to do that, but as a practical and
11 legal matter, all the criteria have been met. This is
12 appropriate for approval. You heard the Division
13 support that and, again, it's all by credible expert
14 testimony that all of this has been satisfied.

15 I do want to remind the board on a procedural
16 matter, that Mr. Jensen's statements are to be taken as
17 statements. He was not a sworn witness. He was not
18 subject to cross-examination.

19 For the record, the mailing went to the
20 property owner shown by the Duchesne County records,
21 which is Emerald. I can't remember the exact name of
22 the company, but it's Emerald and -- I'm sorry?

23 Emerald Marketing and what?

24 Marketing and Trading. And that is the owner
25 of the property that is of record. So the service was

1 appropriate, as well.

2 So he was not an appropriate respondent, he
3 was simply making a comment.

4 And, again, the reason I did not object to
5 that was because I do believe that people have an
6 opportunity to voice their opinion and the board needs
7 to hear that. But it needs to be kept in the concept of
8 what is your legal responsibility and what's legally
9 relevant here.

10 And in that regard, El Paso has satisfied all
11 the statutory and regulatory requirements and we would
12 ask that you allow the permitting of this well at a 1700
13 psi surface injection rate.

14 Thank you, Mr. Chairman. Thank you, board
15 members.

16 CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Thank you, Mr. MacDonald.

17 Okay. I'd like to thank all the parties.

18 The board will take this under advisement. I
19 think we will meet for a few minutes but I don't want to
20 have people wait, expecting us to make an announcement
21 on this tonight.

22 So we will take it under advisement and get
23 back to the parties as soon as we can with a decision.

24 MR. MacDONALD: Do you expect it will be
25 before the next hearing?

1 CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Oh, absolutely. Absolutely
2 before the next hearing.

3 MR. MacDONALD: All right.

4 CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Okay. So anything else?
5 Okay. Then we will adjourn for today.

6 I do appreciate all the parties participating
7 today. I know it's been a long day and we appreciate
8 your sticking with us.

9 Thank you very much.

10 MR. MacDONALD: Thank you.

11 (PROCEEDINGS IN THE ABOVE-ENTITLED
12 MATTER WERE CONCLUDED.)

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REPORTER'S CERTIFICATE

STATE OF UTAH)
 : SS.
COUNTY OF UTAH)

I, Jeff S. Eaton, do certify that I am a
Certified Court Reporter in and for the State of Utah.

That as such reporter, I reported the occasion
of the proceedings of the above-entitled matter at the
aforesaid time and place.

That the proceeding was reported by me in
stenotype using computer-aided transcription consisting
of pages 4 through 140 inclusive;

That the same constitutes a true and correct
transcription of the said proceedings;

That I am not of kin or otherwise associated
with any of the parties herein or their counsel, and
that I am not interested in the events thereof.

WITNESS my hand at Provo, Utah, this 3rd day
of February, 2011.

Jeff S. Eaton, RPR, CSR